u Francisco.

PTURE!

ure of an Enormous Rup-
Years' Standing, by
se of Dr. Marsh's
Patent Truss.

lowing Letter from Mr.
atz, who was Cured
Nine Months.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3, 187[illegible].
SS COMPANY—GENTS: THIS IS
months, and have been RADICAL-
ry large, painful and troublesome
ut any child's head, but now I am
than I have been for many years, and
o do any laborious or hard work.
JACOB FATZ, 605 Pacific street.

SH'S PATENT RADICAL CURE
kinds of Trusses, Shoulder-braces,
Stockings, Suspensory Bandages and
nities accurately fitted at the Radi-
of the MARSH TRUSS COMPANY,
street, corner of Commercial, San

lets free to any one upon application.
jel7-dsplm 2m

. SPAULDING,

& Repairing
NMENT,
, between Front
st., .

NCISCO.

NG'S PATENT FALSE T[illegible]-SAWS
all its branches, such as Gu[illegible]-ing,
htening, &c.
S of all sizes; also, Cross-cut, Mill,
Butcher, and Hand-Saws of all kinds
tment of Saw Arbs [illegible] at low

LANER KNIVES and MOUL-
hand, or made to order on short notice.
KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.,
Portland, Oregon, are my only
Oregon, Washington and Idaho.
gh them by telegraph or otherwise,
rates as if sent to me in A.

ESENFELD'S
ABLE MANUFACTORY,
STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

Sole Agents
ON THE PACIFIC C[illegible]
FOR
& GOLLENDER'S
ELED TABLE, patented June 6th,
ERKA WIRE CUSHION,
ALLED STEEL PLATE CUSHIONS,
lishment of Bagatelle Play on Hole
Bagatelle, called MONITOR, pat-
[illegible]

P. FISHER,

TISING AGENT
Merchants' Exchange,
st, San Francisco.

[illegible]TS AND SUPPOR-
ERY and Woven Oregonian and
in Cloths, Oregon and New
Wool, Woolen Goods, Al-
ocries, Sandwich Islands, the West
Fish, Nicaragua, Pe[illegible]
New E[illegible] and the An-
and Europe.

[illegible]
ed ... any new ...
ged ... by an old busines;
many a ... business;
many a ... by a large b[illegible]
... in any busi-

...st, when Girard ... to
ve always ... sidered advan[illegible]
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do to wealth. And I ... it
advertise in dull times as well as the
nce having taught me that ...
t out, as by continually ...
ublic it has secured many sales that
ve lost."

ISE YOUR BUSINESS
AME BEFORE THE PUBLIC.
TISING INSURES A FORTUNE.
S IS DULL, ADVERTISE.
S BRISK, ADVERTISE
didn't believe in advertising has
with the sheriff, and that often

ew York.

Francisco, 95 Liberty st., N. Y.

EELER & CO.,

CIFIC COAST

sion Agency!

Forwarding from New York, via
cific R. R. and Cape Horn.

OF MERCHANDISE.

nd for the sale of
ROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

ew York N National Ex Bank,
ra J. L. Brownell & Bros., Bank-
a Francisco Jas B Roberts, Esq.,
Co., Bankers of Napa.

VERTISERS.

WHO CONTEMPLATE MAKING
newspapers for the ... of
ld send to

ROWELL & CO.,

ome 25 cents for their One Hun-
phlet, containing Lists of 3,000
spapers, showing the cost of Adver-
ates, showing the cost of Adver-
ul hints to advertisers, and many
riences of men who are long
ertisers. This firm are propri-
Newspaper Advertising Bu-
[illegible]

ARK ROW, N.Y.

unequalled facilities for securing the
ements in all Newspapers and Peri-
[illegible]

Marshal's Sale.

AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT
Court of the United States for the
me directed, in favor of ... and
Francisco, California, and ...
ards, for the sum of Two ... Dollars
[illegible] Cents, I did, on the 8th day of June,
upon all of said M. Richards's inter-
owing described real property, to-
Hundred and Forty-six (146) in the
said District. Now, the 7th day of July,
on, at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, at the
two o'clock P. M. of said day, at the
said City of Portland, I will sell at
l interest of said M. Richards in and
l property, at Public Auction, to
erder, for cash in hand, to satisfy
erest, costs and accruing costs.
THOMAS G. YOUNG,
Marshal of the United States
for the District of Oregon.
jel-dtw

ON, Auctioneer

GO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

ESTABLISHED OFFICES IN ALL PARTS
Washington and Idaho Territories, we
a general Express and Freight f
will be called for in any part of
and forwarded with
proper attention and our own and
of the old through Express
at greatly Reduced Rates.
Commissions for Purch ...
ADE, and Commissions for sale ...
ill receive prompt attention.
to DRAW EXCHANGE as usual on
s of the United States, the Canadas
Sell TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE
WELLS FARGO & CO.

Notice.

EBY GIVEN THAT NO PERSON
ORIZED to make contracts, or collect bills ...
Stimson & Co., ... engaged in the
mill business) except D. S. Stimpson
ly person authorized to do ... name, by which the said
the business name, by ... and
Stimson & Co.
a5d1f

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XIII. PORTLAND, OREGON THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 3, 1873. NO 128

The Daily Oregonian.

PUBLISHED BY

THE OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO.

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Office hours: 10 12—3 to 4, and 7 to 8 P. M.

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PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,
FIRST STREET, BET. OAK AND PINE.

DR. MARY A. THOMSON,
PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEUR,
OFFICE—Third street, between Salmon and Main, opposite the Public Square. Calls attended to in any part of the City. Permits for sale and instruction in the use of Chloroform as a Medicinal Agent.

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SHATTUCK & KILLIN,
Attorneys-at-Law,
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Attorney-at-Law,
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Office, 51 First st., bet. Band C.

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GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG.
(Successors to FREIDMAN & CO.,)
38 & 40 Front St., O. S. N. Co.'s Block,
Importers and Dealers in
STOVES, METALS,
AND
TINMEN'S STOCK.
AGENCY FOR
TILTON & McFARLAND'S SAFES

J. H. FISK,
Assayer and Metallurgist,
No 29 Stark st., bet. First and Second.
HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GOLD DUST & BARS. Tests made with care, and a... ys of Gold and Silver, Copper, Lead, Antimony, Nickel, Chrome, Plumbago, Tin, Iron, Chrome, Lime and other metals. Analysis of Mineral Waters and all other substances.

L. THERKELSEN,
Ship Carpenter & Shipbuilder,
SHOP—Alder Street, bet Sixth and Seventh.
RESIDENCE—Corner Seventh and Alder Streets.

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ARCHITECTS AND DRAUGHTSMEN
OFFICE—CARY'S BUILDING,
Stark st., bet. First and First,
PORTLAND, OREGON

A. COODNOUGH,
Contractor & Builder,
NORTH FRONT STREET, BET. B AND C.

S. SEYMOUR, BROKER,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
66 STARK STREET, BET. FIRST AND SECOND.

Real Estate Bought and Sold and Legal Papers Executed.
HOUSES and SINGLE BLOCKS and LOTS for sale in Couch's Addition. Terms easy.

OTTO TREUER,
No. 1 North Front Street.
DEALER IN WINES AND LIQUORS, AND MANUFACTURER of Syrups, Gordia's, Bitters, etc., etc. Sole Agent for John Welland's Philadelphia Brewery, and ... ale and ... delivered to any part of the city. a23dtf

Sutlers!

EBARKERTINE JANE A FALKINBURG, FROM Honolulu direct,
3,000 bags Sugars, Assorted Grades,
Which we offer at reduced rates.
ALLEN & LEWIS.

OREGON
LIVERY & HACK STABLE
Cor. Second and Morrison Sts.
L. A. GODDARD, Proprietor
THE FINEST STOCK IN THE CITY.
HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD AND BOARDED AT REASONABLE RATES.
HACKS FOR FUNERALS REDUCED TO $5 00

AT SAN FRANCISCO COST!
DOORS, WINDOWS AND BLINDS!
OF ALL SIZES.
Call and See our Stock.
BY ROBINS & FARRELL,
150 Front street.

River Steamers.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
STEAMBOATS.
NOTICE.
FROM AND AFTER THURSDAY May 1st, the steamer
E. N. COOKE
Will LEAVE OREGON CITY on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at 8:30 A. M.; and on Wednesday and Saturday at 10 A. M.—connecting with steamer DAYTON through to Portland. Returning, will LEAVE
Portland for Oregon City at 4 P. M.
Passengers for LAFAYETTE and all intermediate places will take CARS at 8:15 A. M., connecting at Canemah with steamer Dayton on Tuesday and Friday.
THROUGH TICKETS sold at the office of the O. & C. R. R. Co. at REDUCED RATES.
All Freight by this line delivered to consignees FREE OF DRAYAGE
Freight received until 5 P. M.
J. D. BILES, Agent.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S
NOTICE!
BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows:
FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR WALLULA—Monday and Friday at 6 A. M.
FOR KALAMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR MONTICELLO, WESTPORT and CATHLAMET—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.
FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.
J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

W. H. CO'P
STEAMER
GOV. GROVER!
WILL LEAVE FLANDER'S WHARF EVERY
Monday and Thursday Morning
At 6 o'clock,
FOR CORVALLIS
AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.
Freight and Passage at REDUCED RATES. No wastage or breakage.
B. GOLDSMITH, Pres't.

STEAMER CALLIOPE
For the Lower Columbia Trade!
THE STEAMER CALLIOPE will leave the American Exchange Wharf every Monday and Thursday Morning at 7 o'clock, for the Lower Columbia, touching at all way landings; returning Wednesdays and Saturdays. For freight or passage apply on board. m14

Vancouver and Portland Packet!
THE STEAMER CARRIE, J. C. KINGSLEY, Master, will make DAILY trips between Vancouver and Portland, Sundays excepted.
Leave Vancouver at 8 A. M., returning, leave Portland at 3 P. M., from foot of Alder street
For freight or passage apply on board.

Railroads.

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.
DAILY TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG
As follows:

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	8:15 A.M.	Roseburg	7:15 P.M.
Roseburg	8:15 A.M.	Portland	4:20 P.M.

Freight Trains (with Passengers Cars attached) run daily (Sunday excepted) between
PORTLAND AND JUNCTION
as follows:

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	8:05 A.M.	Junction	6:00 P.M.
Junction	6:00 A.M.	Portland	3:45 P.M.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company
Tickets for sale to all the principal points in Oregon, California and the East at Company's Office.
Cor. F and Front sts., at the Ferry Landing, Portland.
Storage will be charged on all freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.
FREIGHT will not be received for shipment after 6 o'clock, P. M.
J. C. HILDRETH, Gen'l Supt.
E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

THE OREGON CENTRAL R. R. CO.
WILL, ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 5, 1873, and until further notice, run FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAINS from
PORTLAND TO ST. JOSEPH,
Connecting at Cornelius with Stages for Forest Grove; at St. Joseph for all points South and West—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	8.00 A. M.	St. Joseph	11 00 A.M.
St. Joseph	11:30 A. M.	Portland	2 30 P. M.

On SUNDAYS trains will run as follows

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	8:00 A. M.	St. Joseph	11 00 A M
St. Joseph	2.00 P. M.	Portland	5 00 P M

Passengers received at Fourth street siding (original ing the train.
Freight received at the Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, and will not be received for shipment after 5 P. M.
H. THIELSEN, Gen'l Supt.
J. GASTON, Freight and Passenger Agent

Notice.
OREGON AND CALIFORNIA R. R.
A DAILY SPECIAL EXPRESS TRAIN WILL COMmence running on SUNDAY, JUNE 8, 1873, between SALEM and PORTLAND, stopping at Milwaukee, Oregon City, Aurora and Gervais
Time as Follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Salem	6 15 A. M.	Portland	8:45 A. M.
Portland	4 45 P. M.	Salem	7.15 P. M.

J. C. HILDRETH, Gen'l Supt.

THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.
The Great Central Iowa Short Line
OVER-LAND ROUTE,
With its Connections East and West, is the
Shortest, Quickest and Best Route
BETWEEN THE
Pacific and Atlantic,
VIA
Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.
THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAIL! making close and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by
THE CENTRAL AND UNION PACIFIC RAILROADS, AND AT CHICAGO
With all FAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North & South.
The Most Elegantly Furnished PARLOR SLEEPING CARS ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned, and run by this Co. between Omaha and Chicago.
Through Tickets to all points East can be obtained at OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. OFFICE, Portland, Oregon,
And at C. P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.
Be Sure Your Tickets Read via Rock Island.
A. M. SMITH,
General Passenger Agent, Chicago.
HUGH RIDDLE, Gen'l Supt., Chicago.
WM. R. STEELE, Passenger Agent, San Francisco

Coos Bay Coal Agency!
BERRYMAN & DOYLE,
DEALERS IN CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH AND ALL descriptions of
Foreign & Domestic Coals, also Pig Iron
Bulkhead, bet Pacific and Jackson sts., San Francisco
n25dd1ply

Banks.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND.
DESIGNATED DEPOSITARY AND FINANCIAL AGENT, U. S.

President	HENRY FAILING,
Cashier	JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY, subject to check at sight.
INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.
SIGHT EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS, payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on
NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO,
CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.
SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on
LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN.

Savings! Savings!
FIRST
NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
THIS BANK HAS ESTABLISHED IN CONNECTION with the general Banking business a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, and will allow interest on Coin Deposits made in accordance with the conditions adopted by the Association.
In establishing a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT this Banking Association has in view the benefits to accrue to a class of persons having small sums to loan, by providing a safe place of deposit, ample security and fair rate of interest, as well as to aggregate and bring into use idle capital.
For the safety of deposits in this Bank are pledged its entire capital and resources, and also the personal liability of its Directors and Stockholders, as provided by Section 12 of the National Currency Act, as proved June 3, 1864, a greater security than that given by ordinary Savings Banks. Printed copies of the conditions upon which deposits are received may be had upon application at the Bank.
HENRY FAILING, President.
JAMES STEEL, Cashier.
Directors:
HENRY FAILING, HENRY W. CORBETT,
L. H. WAKEFIELD, JOSIAH FAILING,
JAMES STEEL.

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital..... $1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE 4 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.
BRANCHES.
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, VICTORIA, NEW WESTMINSTER, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.
AGENCIES,
IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND & IRELAND.
Exchange for sale on
England, Ireland, Scotland, New York & Canada.
INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.
Approved Bills discounted or Collected, Loans made on available collaterals.
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

LADD & TILTON
BANKERS.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft.
INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS.
TRUST FUNDS in sums of One Dollar and upwards from Date of Deposit.
MONEY LOANED on approved Security.
BONDS, STOCKS and other valuables received on Deposit for safe keeping.
COLLECTIONS made and promptly remitted.
INVESTMENTS in Real Estate and other property made for parties.
SIGHT and Telegraphic Exchange on San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold.
AGENTS for the transaction of all kinds of Financial and Trust Business.

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL.
CORBETT FAILING & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT &
IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
IRON and STEEL,
ROPE, ETC., ETC.
Agents for the Sale of
DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.
Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.
PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN R. FOSTER
CORNER FRONT AND STARK STS.,
DEALER IN
Howe's Platform & Counter Scales,
THE BEST IN USE.
SHELF AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
MINERS' GOODS,
NAILS, ROPE, SHOVELS, ANVILS AXES, ETC., ETC.
All of which is offered at Lowest Rates.
He invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Would invite particular attention of buyers of Builders Hardware and House Trimmings, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Rock River Paper Company's
PATENT
FELT ROOFING!
PUT ON FOR $8 PER SQUARE
Prepared Plastering Board,
SHEATHING and CARPET PAPER
For sale by H. C. MORRICE,
Masonic Temple, Portland.

REGALIAS AND TRIMMINGS!
Only Regalia House in the State.
MASONIC BOOKS AND BLANKS!
GOLD AND SILVER
Laces, Fringes, Spangles Stars, Bullion, etc.
H. C. MORRICE,
Masonic Temple, Portland, Or.

Street Contracting.
W. H. BUTTS IS STILL IN THE BUSINESS. Especial attention given to
Repairing Roadways and Sidewalks,
Anything from a mousehole to a full sized block.
Enquire at residence, corner of Fifth and Caruthers street, or hail the MODOC EXPRESS on the street

THE TERRITORIES.

Gov. Bennett will orate at Boise City to-morrow.

Wells, Fargo & Co. have established offices at Dayton and Walla Walla, W. T.

Some important races will be run over the Boise City course July 10th, 11th and 12th.

French & Co.'s train of forty five animals, loaded with flour, started for Boise City on last Wednesday.

The Governor of Idaho has received the ammunition for the Spencer rifles, and the Territory is now on a fair war footing.

A single sale of 19,000 head of cattle was recently made on the North Platte in Wyoming. The average price per head was a little over $10 50 per head, the total being $200,000.

A patriotic "cuss" of Walla Walla offers to subscribe $25 to a fund to be raised for the purpose of buying off the men who have made it their sole business for twelve years past to hold the county offices.

In consequence of Rev. Mr. Dickey's departure for California, the convocation of Episcopal clergymen that was to have been held at Olympia on the 18th and 19th of the present month, has been indefinitely postponed.

H. D. Smith, of Boise City, had two fine American horses to stray away last October. He heard nothing of them until one day last month, when they were returned to him in good order, having wintered on the bunch grass of South Boise.

The Walla Walla *Statesman* says: The Government has a trio of Collectors of Customs in the Colville District, who between them draw about $5,000 per annum, and the amount collected is less than $500. It looks like bad economy, this thing of spending $5,000 to collect $500.

Sheriff Williams, of Kittap county, informs the Seattle *Intelligencer* that Mr. Ninenger has discovered a valuable seam of coal on this and Mr. Sackman's farm, near Port Washington. The vein appears to be four and a half feet wide, and has been traced three quarters of a mile.

The Denver *News* says a project is on foot among English capitalists for tunneling the Rocky Mountains. Prodigious as it may seem, the parties having it in view are sanguine of its success. They propose to tunnel from a point about one mile below Black Hawk to the Middle Park, running in a northwesterly direction. The tunnel when completed will be twelve miles in length. It is presumed many rich veins of gold and silver will be cut, thus developing valuable mining interests. It will be made large enough to be used for railway purposes.

The Parricide's Trial.

In a New York dispatch of June 28th, we find the annexed interesting account of the proceedings in the trial of young Walworth, the parricide:

Yesterday's proceedings in the Walworth murder trial were sensational to the last degree. From 10 A. M. till 5 P. M. the crowds, equal to those which made the Stokes and McFarland trials memorable, waited outside, clamorous for admittance, those inside filling the seats, blocking up the standing places, and listening eagerly and in almost perfect silence to the arguments of counsel, the story of the parricide's mother, and the reading of the painful letters of his father, Mansfield Tracy Walworth, to his mother, which were filled with crazy, raving and blasphemous epithets. Such eagerness to catch a sight of the youthful prisoner, or such anxiety to hear the proceedings, has not been witnessed for a long time at a criminal trial. Never has the attendance of ladies been so large, and they sat all day with a curiosity that never slackened.

Judge Davis' admission of the letters of Walworth, Sr., to his wife, consisting of threats against herself and Frank, was a surprise after his ruling of the previous day, and is regarded as a signal victory for the defense.

The line of defense has at last been plainly declared, and has excited among lawyers no little astonishment and comment. Mr. O'Conor announced that they would set up insanity as the plea for young Walworth; but he did not do so until, as many believed, he had been pushed to the wall by Judge Davis. The point came up during the reading of the first letter from M. T. Walworth to his wife. While O'Conor was proving acts of personal violence committed by the former at their residence in Fifty-second street, he stated that Frank came in afterward, and though he did not see the violence, was greatly affected by the occurrence, and from that moment a change was noticed in his demeanor. He became moody and distressed; though, as O'Conor added, without losing the amiability and kindness of his disposition. Judge Davis very emphatically asked, "Do you allege insanity?" The reply was so ambiguous, in his opinion, that he called upon the counsel to aver plainly what he meant to be the plan of defense. At this O'Conor indignantly deprecated any attempt on his own part to gain any undue or irregular advantage, and a rather sharp and interesting dialogue between him and the Judge followed. The counsel then stated that insanity would be the defense; that the letters from Mansfield Tracy Walworth were read with a double purpose not only to prove the threats against young Walworth and his mother, but to show insanity in their author, which they claimed was hereditary in Frank.

Mr. O'Conor read for two hours continuously to the jury from these letters. One important one is directed to Mrs. Backus, the clergyman's wife, and runs in part like this:

"My Dear Sister: I have conceived the great secret of my existence. I was not born as men are, but was let down from Heaven in a basket. All who have preceded me are imposters; I am the true commander on earth, and when I am summoned I shall be a soldier king and have in Heaven the home of my father, God. You, of course, are not morally my sister, but during our terrestrial intercourse you have manifested such kindness for me that I shall make you one of the queens of earth. Keep this secret until I am announced by the sound of ten thousand trumpets, when all will fall down and worship me, for I am M. T. Walworth, the true and eternal son of God."

Oaths occurred in every line of the letters, and in reading them O'Conor omitted only the portions which were the most filthy, repeating and emphasizing the oaths and blasphemy with all his power of expression.

The apathy of the prisoner and his relations under the ordeal is remarkable. Scarcely anything moves them. They sit—under the most harrowing details, including the letters and the horrible language—like stoics, calm, self possessed, emotionless apparently, and certainly have great nerve.

One important fact about the letters is that very few of them have any signature, and they are identified by the handwriting. They are very long, one containing five sheets, and are written in an irregular, spreading hand, with the lines unevenly spaced. Numerous letters of the same kind are to be offered in evidence, and the reopening of Mondays promises a repetition of the sensational proceedings of Friday.

ENDLESS BURNING LAMP.—Among the lost arts is that of the endless burning lamp. It is said that in the tomb of Edward VI. a lamp was discovered in the grave of Constantine, at York, which had been burning since his burial to that time, a period of twelve hundred years. Also, in the grave of Tulia, daughter of Cicero, was found a burning lamp, which was lighted at her death, fifteen hundred and fifty years before. It went out as soon as daylight was admitted. Yet it is certainly a clever device of the ancients to invent a lamp which would illuminate through all time the home of their dead.

The female operatives in the Worcester envelope manufactory have struck for a-thousandth of a cent more pay on each envelope.

OREGON.

One horse has at last died in Marion from the epizooty.

The body of Charles Beggs, who was drowned in the Wallowa river, June 14th, has been recovered.

The town of Inland City, in Union county, is to be laid off soon, at Sterling & Cavines' Mills, not far from La Grande.

A burglar broke into the residence of Rev. P. S. Knight of Salem, last Tuesday night, but got away with nothing of value.

There is a large amount of freight daily wending its way through La Grande to different points in Union and Baker counties.

The Indians in Eastern Oregon complain of hard times, like white people, and say they cannot sell a single pony for anything like its value.

The amount of money paid on orders presented and received on orders sold at the Salem postoffice for the quarter ending June 30th, $18,000. Number of orders issued, 460.

A large band of Indians are in camp five miles back of Baker City, but with peaceable intent, raiding only on the camas patches, which there abound and pasturing their ponies.

A "soda water seller" and a drunken man were arrested at the campmeeting, near Weston, last week, the former for violating the Horse law, and the latter for smashing the statute against disturbing public gatherings.

The following are the officers of the Odd Fellows' Lodge at Silverton for the term commencing July 1, 1873: W. R. Dunbar, N. G.; William Simpson, V. G.; Volney Leonard, R. S.; J. M. Brown, P. S.; James Brar, Treasurer.

It is said that Governor Grover is in correspondence with various parties in the southeastern part of the State with a view to the discovery of the murderers of the Modoc prisoners, intending, if they can be found, to take every possible step to bring them to justice.

The *Sentinel* says the Commissioners were much surprised when they first entered the Wallowa, the valleys being of a greater magnitude and presenting an opening for agriculture and stock-raising they had little dreamed of. The time necessarily occupied by them in auditing the various claims coming before them will, owing to their number, far exceed their expectation. The Commissioners visited every settlement, and heard every statement to be made to them, and then placed an estimate upon the amount due the claimants. The manner adopted by the Commissioners of transacting the business in the Wallowa will enable them rapidly to accomplish the object of their mission.

The La Grande *Sentinel* of the 28th ult. says: "The younger Chief Joseph, his family and four or five buck Indians, came into the upper valley near the lake. They were visited by Capt Smith, of the Wallowa Military Company, and Capt. A. C. Smith, of the Cove Military Company. Joseph was informed that last year, when the whites were weak, the Indians were saucy and impudent and drove men from the valley, and that now the white men were strong, the Indians wanted peace; that Joseph had said at Lapwai that the Indians and whites could not live together in Wallowa in peace! Taking everything into consideration, it was deemed best that Joseph and his company leave the valley. Joseph took this advice and departed. No fear of any Indian difficulty is now anticipated."

The *Statesman* tells of a gallant "lowyer," and lawyer, by profession, of Dallas, who borrowed a good horse from a livery stable keeper last Sunday and rode out into the country to see his girl. Arriving at the welcome farm-yard he dismounted, led his fiery charger into the stall, fed him, brushed the dust from his hat and boots and entered the house. While he was engaged in paying his weekly devotion, the old gentleman removed his horse and placed in his stead a little Cayuse mare about one half the horse's size. After dinner, John Jay went out to the barn to saddle up and prepare for his homeward journey. He cast a side long glance at the animal, and said: "Why, he looks smaller than he did when I came." The old gent, saying never a word, was laughing in his sleeve. At last everything was ready, and John Jay bid farewell to Susan Jane, let the Cayuse under him, rat down, and started for home at a provokingly slow pace. A crowd was awaiting his arrival at the cabin in Dallas; some took syrup in their's—others took it straight. The course of true love has a great many snags and sunken rocks in it, upon which many like John Jay, daily run their boats.

Letter from Castelar.

The following letter, addressed by the eloquent Spanish orator and statesman, Senor Castelar, to the President of a Republican meeting held at Birmingham, England, will be read with interest by Americans:

MADRID, May 23, 1873.

DEAR SIR: I have received with satisfaction the good wishes which, in the name of a great number of Englishmen, you direct to me for the success and prosperity of our Republic. I have always hoped that Europe will do justice to our institutions, and recognize in them not the commencement of a revolution, but its termination, and the inauguration of the peaceful reforms which have to assure our liberty, and unite the inevitable advent of democracy to the cardinal principles of social order and authority.

Our Republic, purely Spanish, neither menaces any other constituted Power, nor gives ailment to any rebellious hopes. It limits itself modestly to organize the government of the Spaniards by themselves—the government of the nation, by the nation entire. This is the secret of our policy and the burden of our efforts. What was most repugnant to the Spanish people in the late monarchy was its foreign origin and character. Proud in temperament, like our fathers, we desire no foreign intervention in our affairs; but prudent also, we desire not to intervene in the affairs of others. I have the perfect security that the English people, so practical and so political, will approve the conduct of our republican Government.

That conduct is none other than the continuation of the liberal traditions of Spain so much admired in free England. Spain has a right to count on the sympathy of the illustrious English Government and the great English people, as we counted on it and received it in the war which saved our independence, and in the war in which we consolidated our liberty.

Rest assured we shall respond to the estimation of the English people with the virtue most prized by men inured to the tempests of liberty, namely, the virtue of prudence. The practice of public life will teach our people the advantages of legal struggles. It will teach them to seek reforms by means of the electors, and not to impose them on the Governments until they have been generally admitted by public opinion. In five years the liberty of Spain has learned much, and I trust the Republic and the Republicans will take advantage of these lessons.

I conclude, giving you my thanks for the efforts you have made to incline English public opinion to favor the Spanish Republic.

EMILIO CASTELAR.

"Lame" sighed Mrs. Partington. "Here I have been sufferin' the bugamies of death for three mortal weeks. First I was seized with a bleedin' phrenology in the hampshire of the brain, which was exceeded by the stoppage of the left ventilator of the heart. This gave me inflammation of the left borax, and now I am sick with the chloroform morbus. There is no blessing like that of health, particularly when you're ill."

The estate of the late Wm. H. Boardman, of Boston, has already divided $2,800,000, and there is a balance yet in the hands of the executors.

By Overland Telegraph.

EASTERN DATES TO JULY 1.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Beauties of Economy.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The law abolishing the franking privilege went into effect to-day, several of the departments have detailed men especially to attach stamps to all documents, all of which have to be previously weighed. The clerks of the City post-office complain of the additional labor imposed upon them by weighing all the documents to ascertain whether the stamps affixed are sufficient to cover postage.

EASTERN STATES.

Another Word of Condemnation.

HARTFORD, Conn., July 1.—The House to-day passed a resolution declaring the increased pay of Congressmen unnecessary, and requesting Senators and Representatives to labor for the repeal of the law. The retroactive salary provision is especially condemned and the Senators and Representatives of the State are condemned for upholding the measure.

Cholera.

CINCINNATI, July 1.—There were seven deaths from cholera to-day.

Gen. L. T. York of the city died suddenly this forenoon.

Suicide.

BATH, N. Y., July 1.—David Blacklock, aged 40 years, and a miner, who resided in this city, were found dead in the same room this morning. The former was poisoned and the latter was hanging to a bedpost. They are supposed to be cases of suicide.

The Walworth Murder Trial.

NEW YORK, July 1.—The evidence in the Walworth case closed this morning, and O'Conor commenced summing up for the defendant, consuming the rest of the day.

NEW YORK, July 2.—At the Walworth trial to-day a large crowd was present. District Attorney Phelps, in his argument for the prosecution, controverted the claims of the defense that the prisoner was effected with epilepsy or insanity.

Loan for the Texas Pacific R. R.

NEW YORK, July 2.—It is announced that Col. Thomas Scott goes to Europe on the 10th of July for the purpose of closing negotiations for the loan of seventy or seventy five millions of dollars for the Texas Pacific Railroad. It is understood that the loan will be taken at ninety, as he has refused several offers at lower figures. Since General Stebbins left New York—among others the tendered bid or syndicate last year at eighty one, as well as a number of offers since—efforts to take a loan at 80. The Texas Pacific has just acquired all land grants and rights held by the Memphis and El Paso and Southern Pacific and Transatlantic Railroads, the Receiver, John A. C. Gray, having, within a few days, signed the final papers transferring all these grants, under a decree of the Supreme Court giving him authority to do so. The property thus transferred comprises 8,000,000 acres of agricultural lands in Texas granted by that State to the Memphis and El Paso line. These lands, with the distinct grant of the Texas Pacific, at two dollars an acre, defray the cost of building the road. The effect of these negotiations is to liquidate the claims of the French bondholders who prosecuted proceedings against General Fremont. Scott has agreed either to give Gray, as representative of the French bondholders, the first choice of a large section of land, or to redeem the French bonds at about 75 cents on the dollar. Scott has deposited bonds of the Texas Pacific Railroad, to the amount of $4,000,000, with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York, to meet the above engagement. This settlement is made with the approval of Marquis De Chambrun, counsel for the French legation at Washington. Judge Black is merely waiting to have the whole matter concluded before instituting proceedings which will secure a revision of judgment made by default against Fremont in the Red court.

A Murderer Sentenced.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Frank Gillem pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree for killing his wife and was sentenced to imprisonment for life at hard labor.

Death of Hon. J. G. Wilson.

CINCINNATI, July 2.—The *Chronicle's* dispatch from Marietta, Ohio, states that Hon. Jos. G. Wilson, member of Congress from Oregon, died of paralysis at that place this morning.

Miscellaneous.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Gen. W. H. Sidell, of the U. S. Army, died last evening in this city, after a lingering illness. He was a graduate of West Point in 1838.

The Orange Societies to-day applied to the Board of Police for permission to parade on the 12th of July.

The trial of Frank Gilles for wife murder begins to-morrow.

NEW YORK, July 2.—R. W. Taylor, First Comptroller of the Treasury, has decided a letter to an ex-Senator, giving him a pension at the rate of $72 per month, to be at the date of his service and representative for two years from date.

The *Sun* announces that Salvador Cisneros has been chosen President of the Cuban Republic, Carpintier having resigned.

A grand levee was held at the residence of ex-Governor Jewell, newly appointed Minister to Russia, tendered him a compl

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 24, 1873

Joseph G Wilson.

A private telegram, which was received in this city yesterday morning, announced the death of Hon Joseph G Wilson, Representative in Congress from this State He died at the home of his aged mother, in Marietta, Ohio, on the morning of July 21

Joseph G. Wilson was born in New Hampshire, in the year 1825. At an early age he removed with his parents to Ohio where a colony of New Hampshire people had settled, and founded the town of Marietta and the institution of learning which bears its name. Of this institution Mr Wilson was an alumnus. At the age of twenty he commenced the study of law. In the Fall of 1852, he removed to Oregon and settled in Salem, where he first began practice before the courts of the Territory. In the same year he received the appointment of Clerk of the Supreme Court, which office he held for several years. In 1854 he was married to Miss Lizzie Miller, the estimable lady who now survives him. From this time forward until 1860, Mr. Wilson was engaged in the practice of his profession as an attorney and counselor. In 1860, on the recommendation of His Honor, M. P. Deady, he was appointed District Attorney for the Third Judicial District. The Legislature of 1862 created a fifth district comprising all that portion of Oregon lying east of the Cascade mountains. To the office of Judge by this act created, on the recommendation of His Honor Judge M. P. Deady, Mr. Wilson received his appointment at the hands of His Excellency Governor [illegible]. In 1865 the degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him by his Alma Mater. At the regular election in 1861 he was elected to the same position, holding his office until the summer of 1869, when he resigned, and his successor, Hon. B. Whitten, was appointed by Go[illegible]. On retiring from the bench, Judge Wilson resumed a lucrative practice. In 1870, he was the candidate of the Republican party for Congress, receiving 11,245 votes against 11,588 for his competitor, Hon. J. H. Slater. A strong current of popular sentiment again brought Judge Wilson before the Republican Convention of 1872, where he received a unanimous nomination for Congress. In the June election of that year he was chosen Congressman by a majority of 850 over the Democratic candidate, Hon. John Burnett, of Benton county, taking his seat on the 4th day of March of the present year to succeed Hon. J. H Slater. Prior to the great rebellion Judge Wilson was an ardent Whig of the strictest sect. But when the issue of Union or Disunion presented itself he met it squarely, allying himself first to the Douglas wing of the Democratic party, and afterwards to the Union or National Republican party. He was an uncompromising advocate of free institutions, and aided greatly, through the press and from the platform, in preserving this State to the great party of which he was one of the most prominent members.

We have spoken thus far of the public political history of our dead Congressman. When we come to write of his life as a private citizen, as a neighbor and a friend, we are fain to confess our willingness to leave him to that kindest and justest of all judges, the great heart of the people. But one word must be said: in all relations of life he has proven himself a large-hearted, generous man. His ability was unquestioned. Endowed with a remarkable versatility of talent, he adorned every circle in which he moved. His eminent social qualities made him a most agreeable companion. His unwavering fidelity made him a most trustworthy friend. His clear, vigorous intellect, united to a reputation of distinguished purity, fitted him for the public service, and made him what he was—a noble, high-minded representative of the sovereign people of this commonwealth. We are content to leave him just here. No encomium of ours could lift him higher or place him nearer the affections of the people he has served so long and faithfully. Among the people of this State he will always be remembered as plain "Joe Wilson." This is the democracy of death.

Has the prevailing sensationalism in literature crept at last into the very citadel of the Muses our colleges? If we may be allowed to judge from the commencement exercises of an institution in Indianola, Iowa, we should say it has. The programme as we read it indicates a startling variety of thought and scholarship. A young miss saluted the audience with an oration on, "The Congressional Salary Grab." Inspiring theme! This was followed by the poet-laureate, who "held an enraptured audience spell bound" for twenty mortal minutes while he unburdened his mental pack-saddle of sundry and divers reflections on that dubious subject, "The Throne of Perdition." The audience was then treated to an original disquisition on "The Progress of Republics amid the Ruin of Europe." The themes of these young graduates are suggestive of dark and bloody political lives. Even at this distance these sonorous titles fill us with awful consternation.

Several of the Nova Scotia papers are quarreling over the cause of the death of Hon. Joseph Howe, late Governor-General of that province. One of the most violent partisan sheets charges that Mr. Howe was killed by his political adversaries. This is the course of reasoning, and it may, perhaps, be considered an average specimen of Nova Scotia logic. "His death was the direct result of over-exertion, that exertion was made to secure a seat in the Dominion Parliament, but for opposition he would have secured the election without trouble, therefore, as they made the exertion necessary, and that caused his death, they are his murderers!"

A Liberal lunatic, to whom the name is C. N. Hudson, has been prowling around Chappaqua, and when interrogated as to the object of such conduct, he has invariably responded that he wanted to see Miss Greeley. That estimable young lady yielded to his importunities for an interview only to be informed that he had dreams and visions that he was predestined to marry Miss Ida, and he wanted the nuptials to be celebrated at once. The Liberal lunatic has been locked up.

A London correspondent of the *Daily Graphic* writes that Bennett of the New York *Herald* is making arrangements to establish a daily newspaper in London, which is to be to that city what the *Herald* is to New York. His leading editor is to be Fitz James Stephens, whose wonderful ability as a writer has made the Pall Mall *Gazette* what it is. The staff will be made up of distinguished newspaper men.

And now if the bland Chinee shall not be permitted to smoke his narcotic in comatose felicity, what of our civilization good for? We are led to make this inquiry by reading in a Pittsburg paper that a riot occurred at Beaver Falls a few days since, between those famous Chinese cutlers, whose capacity for Caucasian strikes and disorderly rebellion have been so extolled in our dispatches of late. It seems that the rules of the company forbid the use of opium and prohibit gambling. An interpreter undertook to enforce this rule in the case of a Chinaman who was sucking celestial comfort from a nargilah. The offended Celestial rose in defence of his primitive right and a general row ensued. This was finally quelled, but subsequently, in the black shadows of night, an attempt was made to assassinate this officious interpreter, Ah Pay. His companions say that he has learned another bad Caucasian habit: he is a defalcator. "Which is why we inquire," etc.

We acknowledge the receipt of a volume entitled, "Report of the International Penitentiary Congress," held in London, 1872, and "Transactions of the National Prison Association, U. S. A," at its recent session in Baltimore, Maryland. The book comes with the compliments of Rev. Dr. E. C. Wines, Secretary N. P. A. A circular which accompanies it, calls attention to "the fact that it offers the most complete survey of the state of prisons and prison discipline throughout the world, ever given to the public, as well as a full exhibition of the most advanced thought on the penitentiary question, in papers and speeches by distinguished specialists, gathered in conference from all countries. We defer a more extended notice until we shall have examined the volume more closely.

Ben. Butler has recently interviewed the Postmaster-General respecting the right of a constituent of his to send small boxes containing bumble bees through the mails. The Postmaster-General reminded Mr. Butler that those who handle the mails complain of such packages, as the bees invariably distribute themselves at inconvenient intervals through the mail sacks, and cause the postmen annoyance and trouble by their stinging qualities which, if we remember rightly, is remarkably active in the bumble bee. "Well," says the Hon. B. B., "I can't imagine why so much consternation should arise from sending a few bees through the mails. These postoffice clerks make more fuss over a couple of bees than Congressmen do in drawing their back pay."

As a noted or (notorious) citizen of Portland once remarked "this going back on a man's record is an ugly thing; it isn't right." His Excellency, R. W. Furnas, Governor of Nebraska, has commenced suit against the Omaha *Herald* for libel. The libel, it is complained, was contained in a charge made at the time of his election, that he had taken a bribe to influence his vote while a member of the Nebraska Legislature, 16 years ago. Where, we ask, will soon be the liberty of the press if politicians continue thus to get mad at such inconsiderable trifles?

We don't know how Pius Margall feels about it, but if he is one half as badly perplexed about his cabinet as we now are, he would resign the Presidency at once, or proclaim his dictatorship. The latest report makes the Spanish Cabinet to consist of the following named members: Margall, President of the Council and Minister of the Interior; Maisonave, Portfolio of Foreign Affairs; Gonzales, of War; Carbajal, of Finance; Berges, of Justice.

It is seldom that one meets with a more affecting instance of the opportune exercise of presence of mind, than is to be noted in the case of a Peoria young lady whose enamored swain wooed her on the moonlit lake with such unsatisfactory results that he threatened to jump overboard if she did not marry him. This very sensible young lady brought him down to the dead level of common sense, by offering to bet him a dollar that he daren't dive in!

Just who Gustave Courbet may be we do not know, but we hear that executions have been issued against his goods, and they are to be sold to assist in defraying the expenses incurred in rebuilding Column Vendome. We suspect, however, that he is, or was, a Communist. There is a degree of poetic justice in making the men who shattered this column, pay for its reconstruction.

The Weekly *Caucasian*, of Lexington, Mo., speaks in unadulterated Andrew Jackson, but its opinions are always expressed in italics. It has no friends and it fears no enemies. The recent Mississippi Valley Congress it wildly pronounces "an aimless and fruitless catawampus of nincompoopic gabsquirts and rapscallions." That editor has missed a free lunch.

The Washington *Chronicle* says that J. H. Saville, Esq., Chief Clerk of the Treasury Department, has made an estimate that it would require 3,975 tons and 150 pounds of gold to pay off the public debt of the United States. We suppose this may be called the tonnage of the Ship of State, due allowance being made for an extraordinary load of bilge water.

The death of Hon J. G. Wilson creates a vacancy which must be filled by a special election under Section II, Article I of the Constitution of the United States "When vacancies happen in the representation from any State, the Executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies."

In the will of Leo Hudson, the famous equestrienne who lately died, provision was made for the sale of her mansion in Baltimore, the proceeds to be devoted to a bronze statue of her faithful pony, "Black Bess." The statue is to be placed above the grave of the actress.

Mr. Jackson S. Schultz has retired from the Chief Commissionership of the United States to the Vienna Exhibition, and Minister Jay has recommended the appointment, in his stead, of Mr. H Garretson, of Cleveland, Ohio

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An intemperate editor in the West has discovered that the initials of the Sons of Temperance spell "sot," while those of the Independent Order of Good Templars stand for "I once got tight."

A most interesting feature of the Vienna Exhibition will be a grand international chess tournament for $2,000 gold, fifty florins entrance, which will commence on July 20th.

One hundred and fifty teachers sailed from New York on a sight-seeing tour in Europe, on the 21st of June

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Gen Van Buren has left Vienna, having abandoned all hopes of being reinstated.

Promulgation of the New Civil Service Rules

From an examination of the new Civil Service rules just promulgated it appears there has been no very important change in the rules. A Washington letter of June 20th, says

The Cabinet had a special meeting to day, to consider the report and rules of the Civil Service Advisory Board. Mr. Dorman B. Eaton was the only member of the Board present. He presented the views of his associates, and the arguments which had led them to recommend the changes they had made. The modified rules, ten in number, as adopted by the Board were, after some discussion by the Cabinet, accepted with a few verbal amendments, and promulgated this afternoon. One of them declares that while it is not the purpose of the rules and regulations either to restrict the power of removal or to extend the tenure of service, such power will not be exercised arbitrarily, and therefore applications must not be entertained by any authority having the duty of nomination or appointment for the removal of any person in the Civil Service, nor will any person be removed for the mere purpose of making a place for any other person. The following are extracts from the rules

The grouping heretofore made for executive Department at Washington is modified by striking out the words "female clerks, copyists, and counters at $900 a year," those places being below the grade of clerkships of class one.

Selections may be made by the appointing power at discretion from the list of those reported competent, being at liberty to give preference to such as may be justly regarded as having the highest claims to public consideration, by reason of loss of support or of property occasioned by death or disability of any person in defense of the Union in war or in other public service of the Government.

Applicants for appointment as Cashiers of Collectors of Customs, Cashiers of Assistant-Treasurers, Cashiers of Postmasters, Superintendents of Money-Order Divisions in Postoffices and other custodians of large sums of public money, for whose fidelity another officer has given official bonds, may be appointed at discretion, but this rule shall not apply to any appointment to a position grouped below the grade of assistant teller.

In cases of defalcation or embezzlement of public money, or other emergency calling for immediate action where the public service would be materially injured unless the vacancy is promptly filled without resorting to the methods of selection and appointment prescribed by the rules and regulations, or where a vacancy happens at a place remote and difficult of access and the methods prescribed for filling it cannot be applied without causing delay injurious to the public service, the appointment may be made at discretion. But this rule shall not apply to any place which is provided to be filled under the rules of competitive examination.

The report of the Civil Service Commission, signed by Messrs. Dorman B. Eaton, Samuel Shellabarger, Dawson A. Walker, E. B. Elliott, Joseph H. Blackfan and David C. Cox, says, among other things

It appears to be the unanimous opinion of those at the head of these Departments that there has been a decided mitigation under the operation of such rules of the serious evils that before prevailed and steadily increased. Mere personal importunity and partisan intrigue have diminished in the same ratio that individual merit and just rules for testing such merit have been made the basis of appointments and promotions. The application for these tests has been gradually extended as experience has seemed to warrant, and in every case with good results. The Commission are convinced the success of Civil Service Reform is to be decided by the intelligent fidelity with which its friends shall present its true methods to the popular judgment. It has been their aim to recognize the right which requires that a victorious party should be able to name the officers so far down the official scale as their principles may justly be involved in fair and honest administration; at the same time we have resisted that pernicious theory which insists that every clerk in a public office, no matter how subordinate or how useful, shall mingle as a partisan in every contest, and go out as a matter of course with the retiring head of a Department. But the new rules, they submit, will show that they do not regard the question of the proper duration of the tenure of office or of clerkships as one with which Civil Service Reform, as now inaugurated, has any other than an indirect connection.

The Commission says in conclusion:

We ought to bear testimony to the attention and co-operation with which the Executive and members of the Cabinet have aided our labors; and the more we have been brought into familiarity with the practical bearings of the great principles of individual justice and national safety, which must be the basis and the sanction of all true methods of improving the Civil Service, and the ampler our opportunities have been of measuring the allegiance which such principles command from those whom the people have placed at the head of their great affairs, the more profound is our impression of the inestimable value of the reform itself, and of the solemn obligation of all its friends to leave no means untried during this best opportunity our generation has seen, or may see, to place that reform upon a sure foundation, and to transmit it in healthy vigor as the greatest political blessing this generation can confer upon the generations to come.

Mr. B. F. Butler and the Missing Archives

Mr. Butler's prospective candidacy for the Governorship of Massachusetts has revived many ugly stories, and the wily General is tireless in his efforts to counteract their effect. Perhaps this will explain the annexed:

A Washington correspondent says the circumstance that has given currency to the prevalent report of the loss or absence of the War Department records is the fact that since the death of General Canby, Benjamin Butler has made application to the Secretary of War for certain papers and vouchers relating to his financial administration in New Orleans, which he says he delivered to Secretary Stanton. He also says that before his interview with Secretary Stanton terminated, the latter sent for General Canby, who then occupied a confidential position in the War Department, and the General was directed to make a thorough examination of the papers and report his conclusions to the Secretary. Butler alleges that at the same time Stanton remarked to him that he had placed his papers in the hands of a competent and faithful officer, who would do justice to him and the Government. According to Butler's statement, General Canby made a report which fully sustained Butler's action. After Canby's death, Mr Stanton being also dead, Butler comes forward in great anxiety about his reputation during the war, at least so far as it was concerned in the papers referred to. His consternation knows no bounds now that the papers cannot be found, nor does any trace of their presentation of the report by Gen Canby appear upon the records of the Department. Search is still progressing but with no prospect of sustaining Butler's claim

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Our morning dispatches give a card published by Duden Freres & Co. Perhaps the following New York dispatch will afford some information on the subject of their alleged offense:

The *Express* says the name of the firm whose books have been seized by Custom House officers, is Druden Freres & Co. They are charged with having, during a series of years, carried on a systematic course of swindling on the Revenue Department. Their principal house is in Brussels, and they have branch houses in Nottingham, London, St. Petersburg, San Francisco and New York. Richard Muser and Fred Muser carry on the business in New York, and Otto Muser conducts the San Francisco house. Phelps, of the Custom House, declared his intention of obtaining papers, to day, for the arrest of Richard Muser. An order of arrest was also to be obtained in New Jersey, a part of the laces having been smuggled into Hoboken, according to the affidavits. The penalties will reach the enormous sum of two and a half millions of dollars. It is alleged that this house is trying to form itself into a joint-stock company, in order to evade a part of the liability. The Customs officials say it is claimed, have taken illegal steps in seizing the books of the firm, the proper course of action being to apply to the United States District Court to have the books seized and left in custody of the United States Court for examination.

In her moral applications Miss Phelps is impressive, emphatic to the verge of shrillness, and sometimes quite overpowering. Yet there is always something in what she says worth thinking twice about. For instance, the following from a recent magazine article

The woman who would compromise herself for life if she said to the man of her choice in simple English, "Do you love me?" will say to him unspeakable things in that adornment of her person by which cultivated society allows her to woo him, and to which all society directs and degrades her highest and holiest emotions. The affectional nature must express itself somewhere, somehow. Denied those methods of action to which proper culture, restraint and balance would lead it, it falls to the lowest languages. No woman shall make an offer of marriage, we understand. An offer of marriage! No man ever makes one more distinctly than women do. He only makes it more simply and loftily. "Undoubtedly women dress for one another's annihilation, to a great and disgraceful extent. Unquestionably, their vain love of display, for display's sake, ruins souls and bodies enough to purify" (horrify?) "family church and state, in every year of our Lord that passes over our heads. We have only to inspect the registered sources whence reasons of sin are filled, first, starvation, second, love of, or fancied necessities of dress,—to appreciate this."

NEW TO-DAY.

Multnomah Engine Co. No. 2 —Regular meeting this (Thursday) evening at 7½ o'clock.
F. A THOMSON, Secretary.

To Loan,

A SMALL HOUSE IN A GOOD LOCATION, FURnished or unfurnished. Inquire at
jy24d1t FERRY, WOODWARD & CO'S

Portland Light Battery

WILL MEET AT ARMORY THIS EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock, sharp, for uniform drill
By order of CAPTAIN.

Special Notice.

THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS FOR celebrating the Fourth of July are requested to meet at Washington Guard Armory, to day, at 1 o'clock, P. M. A punctual attendance of all members is respectfully requested. By order of PRESIDENT

ATTENTION! G. A. R

MEMBERS OF THE GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC, and all honorably discharged Soldiers of the Army, Sailors and Marines, are requested to meet at the Headquarters of Canby Post, No 1, G. A. R., JULY 4th, 1873, at 9 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of participating in the celebration of our Nation's Natal Day
jy24d2t WM BURNELL, Adj't

Amusements.

'76. INDEPENDENCE BALL. '73.

To be given by the

City Rifles and East Portland Band!

AT ANKENY'S HALL, CENTRAL MARKET,

ON THE EVENING OF JULY 4th, 1873

Committee of Arrangements.

CAPT. A. CAMPBELL, LIEUT. O. C. PHILLIPS,
JULIUS JENSEN, LIEUT H. D CHAPMAN,
W. A HART, WM. J. QUIRK,
THOS PARROTT, C. O PARRISH,
Leader E. P. B. Prompter E. P. B
J. M BIRMINGHAM.

Leaders of Orchestra.

C BRAY, THOS. PARROTT, C W. LOWE.

Reception Committee.

CAPT. A. CAMPBELL, LIEUT C. C. PHILLIPS,
LIEUT. H. D. CHAPMAN,

Floor Managers.

W. A. Hart, Wm. Zimmerman, J. M. Birmingham,
J. Nelson, William J Quirk, U. Warnicke,
Julius Jensen.

GRAND MARCH at 10 o'clock. Military will appear in uniform. TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR. jy30

1776. 1873.

HEADQUARTERS GRAND MARSHAL

No. 61 Front Street,

(Under Cosmopolitan Hotel.)

FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION! 1873.

ALL ORGANIZED BODIES WISHING TO PARTIcipate in the forthcoming celebration are respectfully requested to communicate at an early day, at the above headquarters. AL ZIEBER,
jy21 Grand Marshal.

Prof. O. S. FOWLER

WILL LECTURE IN

THE DALLES 23d TO 24th; WALLA WALLA, 27th to 30th, Lewiston, July 31 to 5th; Forest Grove, 9th to 11th, Lafayette, 12th to 15th; Oregon City, 16th to 18th; Salem, 17th to 24th; Albany, 26th to 29th, Eugene, 30th to August 1st; Oakland, 2d to 3d; Roseburg, 4th to 6th; Jacksonville 8th. Or near those dates. See papers and bills in each place for particulars. Address invitations to adjacent places as above. jy24w

For Sale,

850,000 Acres of Land

IN SOUTHERN OREGON.

Title Perfect—U. S. Land Grant Fully Confirmed.

THE "PACIFIC LAND COMPANY," INCORPORated with capital stock of 5,000 shares of par value of $240 each, have purchased the road and entire land grant of the "OREGON CENTRAL MILITARY ROAD COMPANY," consisting of over 850,000 acres of

Agricultural, Grazing & Timber Lands,

Passing from Eugene City (125 miles from Portland by Railroad), through the splendid "Lake Country," to Silver City, near the border of Idaho.

Each share of the PACIFIC LAND COMPANY thus representing now over 160 acres of land, and is UNASSESSABLE.

Three thousand shares belong to the Company, and will be offered for sale by me, the entire proceeds of which will go into the Treasury.

The first one thousand shares will be offered at $120 per share, *United States Currency*—say at the rate of 75 cents per acre. Every alternate will also be received at its par value of $240, in payment for land, as soon as the appraisals are made. Such share will then be cancelled, and not reissued, and a deed given to the purchaser.

The land will be appraised at moderate rates, in accordance with its actual value, as soon as practicable, in sections of 640 acres, and at not less than $1 50 per acre, U S currency, and offered for sale. Actual settlers, however, always having preference.

We refer, as to the character of this magnificent grant of land, to CLARENCE KING, Esq., the U. S Geologist for this coast, who is familiar with it from personal observation, also to the elaborate report of the Hon. H. J. Penpra, late Surveyor General of Oregon, on the Grant of said lands, from which we quote: "There is but very little of the entire grant but what is valuable for either Farming, Grazing or Lumbering purposes."

As shares are cancelled the average of a section in remaining shares will naturally increase, and from cash sales dividends will be declared.

IMMIGRANTS,

BY PUTTING THESE SHARES, CAN SECURE GOOD LANDS, WITH PERFECT TITLE, AT LESS THAN GOVERNMENT RATES.

For Custodians of Trust Funds, the shares of the PACIFIC LAND COMPANY combine absolute security, based on the lands, with promise of large returns, and no investment can be better for CHILDREN, as the value of the property must increase immensely in a few years.

Remittances for shares can be sent to me by Wells, Fargo & Co., or in registered letters.

Full particulars, maps and a descriptive pamphlet can be obtained at our office, where the subscription book for the shares is now open.

YOUNG & PAYSON,
Agents for the Pacific Land Company,
Office No 14 Montgomery St., San Francisco

President—H F TESCHEMAKER Directors—I. S. PAYSON, OLIVER ELLERIDGE, J R JARBOE and H F CUTTER, of San Francisco.

Referees—I C AINSWORTH, S G REED and J W S LAUD, of Portland.

B J PENGRA, Springfield, near Eugene
jy24d1m

Opposition Fine

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

ALL WHO WANT FIRST CLASS WORK, [illegible] at the new Portland Art

DENNIE'S GALLERY,

Cor. FIRST and TAYLOR Sts.,

FIRST CLASS WORK AT LOW PRICES.

Photographs $2.50 per Dozen.

All kinds of Work from Locket up to Life Size, promptly executed to Order. Newest Styles always Received

Notice.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO US WILL PLEASE call and settle their bills and save costs, as we are going up country. BURCHARD & TOWNE.
Portland, July 2, 1873. d3t

1776. 1873.

CELEBRATION

NINETY-SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY

NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE!

OFFICERS OF THE DAY:

PRESIDENT OF THE DAY, HON HENRY FAILING

Vice Presidents:

Hon. M. P DEADY, of Multnomah county.
Hon. B F. BONHAM, of Marion.
Hon. T. R. CORNELIUS, of Washington.
W. C. JOHNSON, Esq., of Clackamas.
Hon J. W. NESMITH, of Polk.
Hon. GEO R HELM, of Linn.
A. B. BURBANK, Esq., of Yamhill.
Gen. JOHN ADAIR, of Clatsop.
Hon F. A. CHENOWETH, of Benton.
Hon R. J PENGRA, Esq., of Lane.
Hon. L. F MOSHER, of Douglas.
Hon R GRANT, of Wasco.
Hon. JAMES McBRIDE, of Columbia.
F. C SELS Esq., of Grant.
E C BRAINARD, Esq., of Union.
H G YOCUM, Esq., of Umatilla.
J. B SIFERS, Esq., of Josephine.
K. B WATSON, Esq., of Jackson.
D. J. LOWE, Esq., of Coos.
ROBERT MOORE, Esq., of Curry.
I. O STERNS, of Baker.
H B ST. JOHNS, Esq., of Tillamook.

GRAND MARSHAL ..... AL. ZIEBER
ORATOR ..... GOV. L. F GROVER
READER OF DECLARATION ..... C. C WARREN, Esq
CHAPLAIN ..... Rev GEORGE BURTON

PROGRAMME:

SUNRISE—Salute of 13 GUNS and Ringing of Bells for one hour.

SALUTE AT NOON—37 GUNS.

SALUTE AT SUNSET—13 GUNS

PROCESSION to form at 10 o'clock A M and to move precisely as follows

FIRST DIVISION to form on Front street, right resting on Stark street.

SECOND DIVISION to form on Stark street, right resting on Front.

THIRD DIVISION to form on Oak street, right resting on Front

PROCESSION to move at 10 o'clock over the following route, viz

Up Front to Morrison, along Morrison to First, up First to Main, along Main to Third, down to Third to Oak, along Oak to Front, down Front to C, along C to Fourth, up Fourth to the

SKATING RINK,

Where the Exercises will be held

First Division.

Police — Police
Vidette — Vidette
Aid — Grand Marshal — Aid
Twenty-First U. S. Infantry Band,
National Flag
United States Officers
United States Troops of the Army and Navy
Officers of the State Militia
Washington Guard, O. V. M.
Emmet Guard, O. V. M.
City Rifles, O. V. M.
Portland Light Battery, O. V. M.
Grand Army of the Republic
Society of Mexican Veterans
Committee of Arrangements
Committee of Invitation
Invited Guests
President of the Day
Orator of the Day
Chaplain
Reader of the Declaration of Independence.

Second Division

Aid — Asst Grand Marshal — Aid
East Portland Brass Band
Federal and State Officers
County Officers
Mayor, Police Judge and Chief of Police
Members of the Common Council
City Officers
Hon. Board of Police Commissioners
Members of the Bar and other Professions
Liberty Car, with thirty seven Girls, representing each State in the Union

Third Division.

Aid — Assistant Grand Marshal — Aid
Portland Brass Band
Turn Verein
Other Civic and Benevolent Societies
Visiting Societies
Members of the Press with a Press on a Car
Trades and other occupations
Citizens on foot
Citizens on Horseback
Agricultural and Mechanical Implements drawn on Vehicles

Order of Exercises at the Rink.

Introductory
Music—"Red, White and Blue"
Prayer
Music—"Star Spangled Banner"
Reading Declaration
Music—"America"
Oration
Benediction
Music—(Voluntary) Band

After the Exercises at the Rink, there will be a

REGATTA

On the River, to come off at 3 P. M

In the evening there will be general display of

FIREWORKS!

Which will [illegible] anything of the kind heretofore exhibited in the city.

PROGRAMME OF FIREWORKS.

Part First.

1. Vertical Wheel
2. Rockets Bombshells and Chinese Fans.
3. Rockets, etc., and Palm Trees.
4. Rockets, Serpents and Italian Suns.
5. Bombshells and Whistlers.
6. Rockets, Gold Rain and Peruvian Crosses.
7. Rockets, Crimson Stars and Revolving Chaplets.
8. Rockets, Green Stars and Revolving Fountains.
9. Bombshells, July 4th—Name of States.
10. [illegible]
11. Rockets, Steamers at Grand Battery

Part Second

1. Lyre.
2. Bombshells and Hexagons.
3. Rockets, Gold Rain and Revolving Pyramid.
4. Rockets, Crimson Stars and Star and Cross.
5. Name of Stars and Revolving Chaplets.
6. Rockets and Saxon Crosses.
7. Bombshells and Fancy Fireworks.
8. Rockets, Gold Rain and Prometheus Vase.
9. Two-pound Mortar Rockets and Shower of Stars.
10. Minute Serpents and Chinese Flags, in all Colors of Honor.
11. Rockets and the Yankee Mill.
12. Carrier Pigeons and Cyrimidal Brilliants.

The whole to conclude with a Magnificent

TEMPLE OF LIBERTY.

Composed of Lancaster [illegible] Fire and Rose of Colored Brilliants and surmounted by Scrollwork, Stars, Eagles, Flags, Mottoes and Colored Fire—the whole rising from an extended circular base of colored fire, terminating with a Grand Battery, eight 12 lb Rockets, Shells, Stars, Serpents and Pigeons

The weather permitting, there will be a

GRAND BALLOON ASCENSION.

Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAMship

AJAX

[illegible]SHED BOLLES..... Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F Street, for the above port

FRIDAY, JULY 4, 1873,
At 5 o'clock A M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front Streets
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Port Townsend, Seattle, Steilacoom, Olympia, Nanaimo, Victoria, Ft. Wrangle and Sitka.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES, Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F Street, for the above ports

MONDAY, JULY 14th, 1873,
At 6 o'clock, P. M.

Victoria, Nanaimo and Sitka freight must be cleared before 12 o'clock, A. M

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front Street.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

From Coos Bay for San Francisco

THE STEAMER

EASTPORT,

GEO. PATON.....Captain,

Will leave COOS BAY for SAN FRANCISCO, on or about the

1st and 15th of Each Month.

Has SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS FOR PASSENGERS. For Freight or Passage apply to
F. SCHUITER, Agent, Coos Bay.
D BRADLEE, Agent, San Francisco.

Watches and Jewelry.

L. C. Henrichsen & Co.,

FASHIONABLE JEWELLERS!

109 First St.,

Offer a complete assortment of

Diamonds and Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches, and SILVERWARE

Boots & Shoes.

PACIFIC

BOOT & SHOE STORE

S. W. CORNER FIRST AND ADDISON STS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE I WILL SELL, FOR CASH, of California [illegible]

Ladies' First Quality, 18-thread Lasting Kid Foxed Balmorals.....$2 50
Former price $3 00.
Ladies' Second Quality 16-thread Lasting Kid Foxed Balmorals.....$1 75
Former price, $2 50.

	Old Price.	
Misses' First Quality, do	$2 00	$2 50
" Second Quality, do	1 50	2 00
Children's First Quality	1 50	2 00
" Second Quality	1 25	1 50

GEO. A. FRASE.

Millinery Goods.

MILLINERY, MILLINERY!

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

All the Latest Styles

And everything pertaining to the business on hand.

NEW GOODS BY EVERY STEAMER.

SOLD LOW, CHEAPER THAN EVER, to suit the times. Drop in and judge for yourself, at

P. VAN FRIDACH'S,

79 DEKUM'S BUILDING, FIRST ST.

Insurance.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Capital.... $1,000,000

JOHN H. REDINGTON.....President
GEO. H. HOWARD.....Vice President
ORAS. E. STORY.....Secretary
N. B. EDDY.....Marine Secretary
H. H. EDGELOW.....General Manager

DIRECTORS:

Oregon Branch.

PORTLAND—P. Wasserman, C. H. Lewis, B. Goldsmith, D. Maclay, Lloyd Brooke.
SALEM.....L. F. Grover
ALBANY.....J. A. Crawford.
DALLES.....D. M. French.
LEWISTON.....J. Leonberger.

HAMILTON BOYD,
Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory.

PATRONISE HOME MANUFACTURE

AINSLIE & DAVIDSON,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, FRAMES,

SHUTTERS, BRACKETS, and ALL KINDS OF SCROLL SAWING,

HAVING THE BEST FACILITIES AND THE latest improved wood working machinery for the manufacture of the above articles, can offer superior inducements to customers, and at San Francisco prices, at

Nicolais Bros' Mill.

Also best quality of SEASONED CEDAR LUMBER, CEILING and RUST C MOULDINGS.
WOOD-TURNING in all its branches, Balusters, Newel Posts, Billiard Balls, Croquet Sets, etc., at

NICOLAIS BROS' MILL AND FACTORY,
Cor. Second and K Sts., Portland

GLASS! GLASS!

P. McGEE & CO.,

No 208 First St., bet Oak and Pine (Smith's Block), Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN and AMERICAN

WINDOW GLASS!

CRYSTAL, SHEET, ENAMELED, STAINED and

CUT GLASS!

Doors, Sash & Blinds

PAINTS, OILS, etc., etc.

GLAZING done on short notice, and satisfaction guaranteed.

The above would call the attention of dealers, contractors and builders and the public generally to examine their new stock before purchasing elsewhere, and guarantees to give satisfaction. COUNTRY ORDERS solicited and promptly attended to. jy2

Sacred Concert.

RESERVED SEATS FOR THE CONCERT AT TRINity Church can be secured at Gray's Music Store, on Tuesday and Wednesday, at 25 cents each. jy30d2d

---

Jewelry and [illegible]

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT

AUCTION SALES

OF REAL ESTATE, GOODS, WARES AND MERCHANDISE

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday

At 10 o'clock A. M.

LIBERAL ADVANCES made on Consignments. To parties desiring to purchase Real Estate I will Purchase [illegible]

A. B. RICHARDSON.

Regular and [illegible]

REAL ESTATE

GENERAL [illegible]

I will sell [illegible]

Lot No. 4 in Block [illegible] situated on the [illegible] with COMPLETE [illegible]

Lot 3 in Block [illegible] with [illegible] Title perfect

25 lots in [illegible]
275 lots in [illegible]
55 lots in [illegible]

100 lots in [illegible]
80 lots in [illegible]
25 lots in [illegible]

A. B. RICHARDSON.

Special [illegible]

THE STEAMER

EASTPORT,

GEO. PATON.....Captain,

Will leave COOS BAY for SAN FRANCISCO, on or about the

1st and 15th of Each Month.

Has SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS FOR PASSENGERS. For Freight or Passage apply to
F. SCHUITER, Agent, Coos Bay.
D BRADLEE, Agent, San Francisco.

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L. C. Henrichsen & Co.,

FASHIONABLE JEWELLERS!

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Offer a complete assortment of

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Former price $3 00.
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GEO. A. FRASE.

Millinery Goods.

MILLINERY, MILLINERY!

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

All the Latest Styles

And everything pertaining to the business on hand.

NEW GOODS BY EVERY STEAMER.

SOLD LOW, CHEAPER THAN EVER, to suit the times. Drop in and judge for yourself, at

**P. VAN F

Auction and Commission

A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER
Corner of Front and Oak Streets

AUCTION SALES
REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES GENERAL
CHANDLERY AND HORSE

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday

A. B. RICHARDSON Auctioneer

At Private Sale.

Large assortment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS
Purchasing & Commission Business transacted

A. B. RICHARDSON Auctioneer

Regular and Peremptory Sale
OF
REAL ESTATE,
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, ETC.

I will sell at my Auction Rooms on
WEDNESDAY, JULY 2, 1873
At 10 o'clock, A. M.

Real Estate.

Lot No 4 in Block 198, in the city of Portland, situated on the corner of F and [illegible] streets, being a
COMFORTABLE COTTAGE.

ALSO,

Lot 3 in Block 198 in the city of Portland, with STORY AND A HALF HOUSE in the perfect Terms, cash

ALSO,

35 bf bbls B. F. SUGAR,
275 bxs C. O. SOAP,
55 bxs FANCY SOAP,

ALSO,

150 cases ASSORTED PIE FRUITS
60 cans FRESH OYSTERS,
25 bxs SAPONIA,

A. B. RICHARDSON Auctioneer

Special and Important Sale
OF
VALUABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY

I will sell at my Auction Rooms on
ON SATURDAY, JULY 19th,
At 10 o'clock, A. M.:

[illegible] fractional part of Lot [illegible] Block [illegible] numbered Eighty (80), [illegible] corner of said Block, [illegible] line of Front street twenty-five (25) feet, thence south twenty feet to [illegible] feet, thence north twenty-five (25) feet, thence [illegible] line of said street one hundred feet to the place of beginning, containing together with that portion of [illegible] lying on said fractional lot.

ALSO

[illegible] fractional part of Lot 4 in Block [illegible] together with improvements [illegible]

ALSO,

[illegible] fractional part of Lot 3 in Block [illegible] 25x100 feet. Together with improvements on said fractional lot.

ALSO,

[illegible] fractional part of Lot 3 in Block [illegible] tional lot 25x100 feet. Together with [illegible] on said lot.

TITLE PERFECT. Terms, one-half cash, balance in two months; deferred payments to bear interest at the rate of [illegible] per cent per month, and to be secured by mortgage on the property, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per month. The above described Lots are business property.

A. B. RICHARDSON Auctioneer

Cosmopolitan Hotel Property
Now renting for $330 per month

This valuable business property, [illegible] No. [illegible] of the city of Portland, and [illegible] Lots of valuable Lumber and Shingles, will be sold at Public Auction on [illegible] 19th day of July, 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Auction Rooms of the undersigned, No. 21 Front street, to which sale all persons are invited to attend this sale.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

SADDLERY.

JOHN CLARK
78 [illegible] Street,
[illegible] Exchange and Merchants' Hotel
[illegible] SADDLERY and [illegible] HARDWARE
DEALER IN

HARNESS, SADDLES, BRIDLES,
COLLARS, WHIPS,
[illegible] Saddlery Hardware,
Oil, [illegible] Saddle Cloths, etc.

Special attention paid to the [illegible] and Single Harness, [illegible] variety; also, large assortment of Horse Blankets, Fancy Lap Dusters, [illegible] Long Whips, Official Whips [illegible] Saddle and Bridle buyers are invited to call.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE
BY
J. H. CONGLE
NO. 73 FRONT ST., PORTLAND,
FINE ASSORTMENT OF HILL'S CORD
Single and Double

Buggy, Team and Stage Harness

Just from the Manufactory at [illegible] Persons desiring good harness will [illegible]

J. H. CONGLE
78 Front Street.

Saddlery Hardware
Saddles, Bridles
WHIPS AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
SOLE AGENT FOR GUTTA PERCHA CARBOLIZED HOSE, which is for sale at the prices with freight added.
REPAIRING promptly attended to.

VELCH & MORSE
Cor. Yamhill & First Sts.
Manufacturers and [illegible]

SADDLES, HARNESS
KERBY'S Gun Oil
SANTA CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER
ALSO
Hill's Concord Team, Stage and [illegible]
We warrant all articles, which we sell to be

EFFICIENT AGENTS WANTED
In this State and Washington Territory, to
H. H. SEWARD'S TRIP
THE UNDERSIGNED [illegible] HAVE
HONOR SEWARD'S WORK, THE
AROUND THE WORLD.
is deeply interesting work and we [illegible]
the distinguished traveler's [illegible]
are have spared no pains to [illegible]
often up book of travel ever [illegible]
al, containing $18,000, and [illegible]
is sold only by subscription, and the [illegible]
an opportunity to [illegible]
it is time qualified, [illegible]
and comments of one of our [illegible]
could any one be interested by our [illegible]
pleasure supply the work on application.
Address A. ROMAN & Co., New York, Publishers,
Or [illegible] San Francisco.
[illegible] what [illegible] General Agents for the Pacific States.

FOR HONOLULU, DIRECT.
THE BRIGANTINE
MARGARET OAKLEY
Having her cargo engaged, will [illegible]
For passage, having splendid [illegible]
apply to
WM. CHURCH & SON.
Have
REMOVED TO THE OLD P. O.
OPPOSITE ODD FELLOWS HALL
All at I select your CLOTHING for the [illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 3, 1873.

CITY.

CHASED BY ROBBERS.—On Tuesday night about 11 o'clock a man was observed running up Fourth street near Market, closely pursued by two persons. The pursued was shouting murder at the top of his voice. At the intersection of Fourth and Market streets he was overhauled by the officers, for such the pursuers proved to be. An explanation followed and the man was allowed to go on his way without molestation. It appears that the man who was pursued started from the center of the city to go home having in his pockets several hundred dollars. While walking up Fourth street, his appearance and actions aroused the suspicions of two officers, who started slowly after him. The man finding himself followed and not knowing that it was officers, started to run. This was construed at once by the officers as an attempt to escape and confirmed their previous suspicions. It resulted in a regular chase as we have stated. The individual who was overhauled happened to be personally known to the guardians of the peace, and he was permitted to resume his journey homeward after the somewhat unpleasant detention.

UNANIMOUSLY ELECTED.—Among those who were unanimously chosen to office by the Council last night were Messrs. Caldwell, Habersham and Chapman, each receiving nine votes for the respective positions to which they aspired. Mr. Councilman Besser was also chosen a member of a committee by nine votes, his own included. He first claimed that the teller or clerk had made a mistake, but when the ballots were shown to him he was compelled to own up, and with a blush suffusing his cheek, said it was merely a *lapsus pennæ* that had written his own name on the ticket by mistake. His proverbial modesty was shocked to an alarming degree, but he soon recovered himself, and the business of the session proceeded after a little laugh had been indulged in by the members.

INTERNAT ELICITED.—The Teacher's Institute which began its first session yesterday, appears to [illegible] considerable interest in educational matters [illegible]. This interest does not appear to confine itself to teachers alone. During the session yesterday, more than twenty-five teachers were present and actively participated in the various discussions which occupied the time. Quite a number of spectators were also present. To-day the Institute will resume its pleasant and instructive labors, and will probably adjourn this evening. An unusual interesting time may be anticipated to-day and this evening. We hope that the Institute will be well attended by our citizens. A few hours could not be more profitably and pleasantly spent.

LIVELY TIME.—A gentleman just from Oregon City states that the people of that quiet town enjoyed the luxury of a first class excitement on last Tuesday. An old wooden tenement which had stood for many years on one of the principal streets, had to be torn down and removed by [illegible] to make way for a more pretentious and durable building. To expedite the work, the boys of the Hook and Ladder Company were [illegible]. They came with hooks and ladders, and in the course of three quarters of an hour razed the rickety old tenement to the ground. The act attracted a very large crowd, and afforded for a time a vast deal of merriment.

A CONUNDRUM.—A correspondent sends us the following conundrum, to which we aptly respond by the old phrase, "give it up." He says: "I see by the San Francisco *Chronicle* that a proposition is on foot that business be suspended on the 4th, Sat'day, as well as on the 4th, and the proposal is backed by nearly all the leading business houses in San Francisco. Why couldn't we do the same here, and give the clerks and other employés a two days' respite from labor?"

OFFICERS INSTALLED.—The following officers were installed last evening at Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F., by A. J. Marshall, M. W. G. M.: D. Riggs, N. G.; J. F. Johnson, V. G.; W. J. Algo, R. S.; C. H. Marvin, P. S.; C. E. Pike, T.; Joseph Watson, W.; U. E. Richardson, C.; G. B. Avery, O. G.; John Rines, I. G.; W. Taylor, R. S. N. G.; James Jansen, L. S. N. G.; William Braden, R. S. V. G.; N. Campbell, L. S. V. G.; O. Jackson, R. S. S.; J. M. Bell, L. S. S.

LINE OF MARCH.—For the information of the public, and at the request of a number of persons, we publish the line of march to be observed to-morrow. The procession will move precisely at 10:30 A. M. over the following route: Up Front to Madison, along Morrison to First, up First to Yamhill, along Main to Third, down Third to Oak, along Oak to Front, down Front to C, along C to Fourth, up Fourth to the Skating Rink, where the military exercises will be held.

FALSE IMPRESSION DISPELLED.—As people living in the surrounding country have an impression that the smallpox still exists in this city, we, as a public journalist, wish to dispel any such false impression. Chief of Police Lappeus has made diligent search in places where the disease is likely to be contracted, and reports no cases. Persons desirous of visiting the city, need have no fears of this loathsome disease.

DECREASING.—During the month just ended, the records at the County Clerk's office indicate a decided falling off in the number of marriages in comparison with those of several months past. June, bright, lively, beautiful June, with all its proverbial romance and sentimentality, could only muster six marriage licenses.

INSTALLED.—The following officers were installed on Tuesday evening, at Falls Encampment No. 4, Oregon City, by A. J. Marshall, D. D. G. P.: W. P. Burns, C. P.; J. T. Apperson, H. P.; W. H. Pope, S. W.; A Levy, Scribe; J. M. Bacon, Treasurer; J. W. Meldrum, J. W.

COVERED.—The dome of the new Custom House, on which workmen have been placing lumber preparatory to the tin, for the last few days, has been covered. Soon the tinner will commence his labors.

TAKEN TO SALEM.—Peter G. Koch, who was sentenced on Tuesday morning to the Penitentiary for one year for larceny by bailee, was taken to Salem on Tuesday evening.

PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.—This body, which adjourned at Olympia a few days since, will convene in Portland in next November.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Breymer arrived.

The Pioneer stock up.

Installations in order.

Armeny's Hall is being decorated

Quinn has been salmon, chickens, etc

Stop at Febre's to-day for good coffee.

Alder street needs the attention of the street sprinklers.

City Rifles meet to night in full uniform for inspection.

King's creek is the camping grounds of the Quinn exiles.

Gas fixtures for the rooms of the Progress Club are on the Ajax.

Services will be held in the new Trinity Church on next Sunday for the first time.

Mr. W. S. Caldwell continues as City Auditor, which is proof that he is a efficient officer.

No. 2's will have a grand "lay out" to morrow for those who come to see their new engine.

Workmen are engaged in putting on the finish ing touches at the new hall of the Turn Verein.

Hoodlums have disturbed a number of tree boxes on Eighth street. They should be punished if caught.

The fireworks are being brought to the city, and will be placed on the grounds at the end of Alder street to day.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

CIRCUIT COURT—UPTON, J.

WEDNESDAY, July 2, 1873.

State vs J. P. Cline and Henry Garling; cause [illegible]
State vs M. Rudolph; perjury. Not guilty.
State vs M. Rudolph; larceny by bailee. Not guilty.

PERSONAL.

Hon. E. Smith Kearney, U. S. Marshal for Washington Territory, is in the city.

If you want the woven wire bed, parlor and [illegible] suits, the best spring and pure hair mattress go to Hurgren & Shindler.

BASE BALL.

The first game of base ball we have seen this season was that played yesterday morning between the College Club of Salem, and the Pioneers of this city. The College boys came down on the early train and at once wended their way to the grounds, where some three hundred persons had assembled, among whom were representatives from the Clackamas and other Clubs. Owing to the early hour, the attendance was not as great as it would have been had the game been played in the afternoon. The College Club were not fully attired in their uniform, though they presented a neat appearance. Dressed in their full uniform were the Pioneers, the two nines making a fine show on the green field. By unanimous consent of both Clubs, Mr. Al Raleigh was chosen Umpire. At half past ten o'clock the game commenced, the College Club to the bat. They tallied five runs, and the Pioneers followed with two runs, credited to Bird and Hart, Whiting having struck out, Thompson being put out at second and Buchtel retiring on the prettiest catch of the game, taken by Rickey on a run, for which he was afterwards presented with a bouquet. Coleman, on a strike to second, which was quickly picked up by Whiting, and to Sutherland was cut off at first, Taylor and Belt going out on foul tips—the first whitewash.

Lowndale went out on fly to Garrison, Hart striking out and Whiting was caught napping at first, Thompson, Raleigh, Sutherland and Bird scoring.

The College boys on the third, were again whitewashed, Richards, Smith and Garrison, by flys to Hart, Lowndale and Gearin, the latter a neat running catch, being the sufferers. Gearin retired on a fly taken by the catcher, Raleigh struck out and Hart took his seat on a foul tip, Buchtel, Lowndale and Sutherland tallying by bad play of the opposing nine.

The fourth inning opened with McCully and Rickey tallying on bad play, while Forsythe, Belt and Richards went out on foul tips and bounds. More bad play gave Whiting and Gearin runs, Sutherland going out by a fly taken by Garrison. Raleigh was served in a like manner, Smith gently taking the ball from his bat, Lowndale being put out on third.

By low, safe batting, the College boys in the fifth inning scored thirteen runs, the out fielders of the Pioneers being unable to stop the swift daisy cutters. Belt finally went out on a foul bound, Taylor's career was cut short by Lowndale taking in his short struck ball, and Belt finished the inning by being put out on first by a good throw of Lowndale to Sutherland. The Pioneers placed five runs to their score in this inning through good batting and some muffing of the College boys; Raleigh and Sutherland retired in short order, Smith at first taking in their flies and Gearin failed to leave the home base, Taylor relieving him by taking a foul tip he had made.

In the sixth inning, Bird went in to pitch for the Pioneers and Gearin took Thompson's place behind the bat. Garrison made home through a good strike of McCully, Richards, Smith and Rickey retiring on fouls, McCully being left on first base. Hart stole around the bases and home, making the only run for the Pioneers in this inning. Good play on the bases put out two men, and the third struck out.

Taylor retired on a fly to Sutherland; Forsythe struck out, and Smith's fly to Bird put the side out. Richards, however, made a home run on a long strike to the right, which brought home Belt, and Coleman getting in previously.

The Pioneers scored two runs—Raleigh coming home on Sutherland's strike, Lowndale running in; Buchtel, Bird and Thompson being caught out by Taylor, at right field, Forsythe and Rickey, respectively, the latter taking the ball on a run—a pretty catch.

The College Club were quickly disposed of in the eighth and ninth innings, the Pioneers getting in eight runs, placing them ahead three runs, the score standing at the close of the game Pioneers, 27; College, 24.

With the exception of several bad throws by players on each side, and the failure of some of the best strikers to bat as well as usual, the game was exceedingly well played. We do not wish to particularize, as all did well. Each player conducted himself in a gentlemanly manner, which helped to make the game more interesting. The umpiring of Mr. Raleigh was universally admired. At the close of the game the players, together with invited guests, took dinner at the Cosmopolitan. Below is presented the result:

PIONEERS.	Runs.	Outs	COLLEGE.	Runs.	Outs.
Thompson, c	3	3	Taylor, c	2	4
Bird, 2d b	4	2	Belt, p. Capt	2	5
Hart, r. f	3	4	Richard, s. s	4	3
Whiting, 2b	4	2	Smith, 1b	3	3
Gearin, c. f	2	4	Garrison, 2b	4	2
Buchtel, p	3	3	McCully, 3b	3	1
Lowndale, s. s	3	3	Rickey, l. f	3	1
Raleigh, J. R., 1 b	2	3	Forsyth, c. f	2	3
Sutherland, 1st	2	3	Cole [illegible], r. f	2	3
	27	27		24	27

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—Total.
College	5	0	0	2	13	1	3	0	0—24
Pioneers	2	4	0	2	8	5	2	7	1—27

Umpire—Al. Raleigh, Pacific Club.
Scorers—E. C Terry, College Club; H. B. Thielsen, Pioneers.
Time of Game—Two hours.
Fly Catches—Pioneers, 12; College, 9. Bases on called balls—Pioneers, 9; College, 5.

FIRST SACRED CONCERT.

Trinity Church was filled to overflowing last evening on the occasion of the first Sacred Concert which was given by a large number of our leading vocalists under the leadership of Dr. J. H. Hatch. One does not often witness a larger, more fashionable, intellectual and cultured audience that was assembled within the walls of this handsome church. Probably 500 persons were in attendence, representing a large proportion of the wealth and social refinement of Portland. Every available seat in the spacious auditorium was occupied and a number of chairs were brought into requisition for the accommodation of the audience.

At precisely 8:15 the concert began. The first was an organ selection (Cujus Animam, from Rossini) by Mr. L. W. Wallace. This was an excellent selection and was rendered by the skillful performer in a manner eliciting warm applause at the hands of the appreciative audience.

Immediately following the brief intermission, the grand chorus "Glory be to God on High," was effectively and powerfully rendered by a chorus of twenty-three strong and well cultivated voices. This grand old composition of the great Mozart, was rendered in a style not discreditable to professional vocalists, and with a breadth, compass and effect pleasing and satisfactory.

Prof. R. T. Yarndley came next. This very accomplished and cultured musician performed an organ selection (A. Offertoire No. 2, Battiste, B. "Fixed in His Everlasting Seat," Handel) with a power, and finish of touch which at once stamped him as a master of the wonderful instrument at which he presided. He was loudly applauded.

"Te Deum Laudamus" (Lloyd) was sung by Mesdames DePrans, Corbett, Murray and Wallace, Messrs. Wyatt, Schuyler, Shaw and Hatch. In this selection the duet passages were rendered by Mesdames Corbett and DePrans, and the solo by Mr. Shaw. This gentleman possesses a deep and mellow voice, well trained and pleasing to the ear. He acquitted himself in the solo in a very creditable style.

Mr. Geo. L. DePrans rendered an organ selection—March Du Sacre, "Coronation," by G. Meyerbeer—in that well known gentleman's skillful and tasty style. On retiring, he received flattering testimonials of the appreciation of his successful efforts by the clapping of hands and waving of handkerchiefs.

Part second, after an intermission of a few minutes, was introduced by a solo and chorus, ("When Thou Comest," Stabat Mater by Rossini), in which the entire strength of the chorus—23 voices—was employed. Mrs. DePrans sang the solo with fine musical taste and effect.

Prof. Yarndley was announced on the programme to perform an organ selection (Fantaise "Star Spangled Banner," Dudley Buck), but in consequence of the music getting misplaced, an other selection was substituted.

"Hear Us, Oh! Father" (A. Baumbach) was then sung by Mesdames Wyatt, DePrans, Corbett and Calef, Messrs. Wyatt, Schuyler, Riehter and Hatch. The solo was sung by Mrs. Corbett and the duet passages by Mesdames DePrans and Wyatt.

"Dobter und Bauer," an organ selection, came next on the programme and was performed by Mr. G. L. DePrans.

The real musical gem of the entertainment was a contralto solo by Miss E. Cardinell, commencing with the familiar words, "Jesus, Lover of my Soul," to the exquisite air of "When the Swallows Homeward Fly." The almost wondrous power, wealth, expression and path s thrown into the song completely won the sympathy of the audience, and carried everything by storm. She was encored to the very echo, and rendered the second time amidst enthusiastic plaudits.

At the conclusion of the concert the audience arose and sang the grand and beautiful anthem of "Old Hundred" with one united voice, accompanied by the organ, making the walls of the edifice fairly vibrate with the great swelling volume of sound that poured from hundreds of throats, swayed from side to side, and then rolled up against the roof. The first concert was a grand success, and the second will be given very soon.

Teachers are happy and so are the scholars—vacation now.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

FIRST SESSION OF THE MULTNOMAH COUNTY TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

Pursuant to announcement, the first session of the Teachers' Institute for Multnomah county convened yesterday morning, at ten o'clock, in the new Central School House.

The Institute was called to order by the President, Rev. T. L. Eliot, who opened the session with prayer.

The minutes of the last meeting were read, and on motion approved.

The Executive Committee then reported programme for the day.

The subject of grammar was then introduced by J. Smith, who in a very elaborate essay proceeded to annihilate Clark's Grammar.

On motion the essay was referred to a committee, consisting of Mr Williamson, Miss Hodgdon and Miss Kelly, who were required to present various points to the Institute for discussion.

After the appointment of the committee, an essay was read before the Institute by Miss M E Gibson, on the subject of "Public Schools."

This was followed by essay on "Punctuality," by Miss S. C Taylor. The many well timed and pertinent suggestions contained in the essay drew forth quite a discussion in regard to the best method of inducing punctuality. This discussion was participated in by Messrs Gault, Law, Morey, Meachen, King, Johnson and the President.

Mrs J S. Boggs then read an excellent essay on the subject of "Graduating Public Schools," after which the Institute adjourned until one o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Executive Committee reported the following programme: First, prayer; second, instrumental music, by Miss Shelby and Miss Dwyer; third, Clark's Grammar; fourth, music—instrumental—Miss Sutton; fifth, essay by Miss E. Monnastes; sixth, an essay on "Languages," by Prof Meachen; seventh, music—instrumental—by Miss Sutton.

On motion, members were limited to five minutes on topics of discussion, and that the topic of grammar be limited to one hour and a half.

The committee to whom was referred Mr Smith's essay on grammar, submitted the following topics for discussion by the Institute

1. Does Clark attach an importance to analysis by sentences and phrases to the total neglect of verbal analysis?

2. Is his system of diagrams a substitute for intellectual labor?

3 May not phrases and sentences justly be used as subjects of verbs.

4 What objections to the sentences, "That all men are created equal is a self evident truth," or "To do good is the duty of all men," also, "That good men sometimes commit faults," etc.? Is it impossible to construe these sentences word for word?

5. Are words and other elements of sentences to be classified according to their offices?

6. Are not the names of Clark's tenses important and properly named?

7. Does not the office of a word determine its etymology?

8. Does it follow from the nature of the independent case, that we need five new cases instead of one?

9. Why may not the antecedent of a pronoun be a word, a phrase or a sentence?

10. What objection to the diminutive degree in the comparison of adjectives, for instance "bluish," "sallish," etc.

11. What objection to the sentence: "I am glad that Charles has secured a liberal education, it is what few poor boys have the perseverance to accomplish."

12 Why may not phrases be made to perform the office of words?

Teachers from different parts of the State were cordially invited to participate in all questions for discussion.

A lively discussion was then participated in by the following teachers: Messrs. Smith, Morey, King, Johnson, Williamson, Gault, Law, Bennett, Miss Hodgdon, and Prof. C. C. Rounds, Superintendent of Public Instruction for Washington Territory.

The Institute was then entertained by some excellent instrumental music by Misses Sutton, Shelby and Dwyer.

An excellent essay was then read by Miss Monnastes on "School Government."

Mr. A. Meachen then read an essay on the subject of "Languages."

Miss Sutton furnished the Institute with some splendid instrumental music.

Mr. Eliot, the President then addressed the Institute on the subject of "Punctuality," after which the session adjourned until 7:30 P. M.

EVENING SESSION.

The Institute convened at the appointed hour, Mr. Eliot in the Chair.

A choice selection of instrumental music was rendered by Miss Anna Shelby. The "Advantages of Education," an excellent essay by Miss K. Z Dwyer followed; after which another musical selection was rendered on the piano. The Institute was next entertained with a recitation by Miss Kate Blythe.

Rev. T L. Eliot then delivered an address at some length on "Primary Question," which contained many excellent practical ideas. After the rendition of a handsome piece of Music by Miss Julia Sutton, the Institute then adjourned until 9 A. M., this morning.

PROGRAMME FOR TO DAY.

The Executive Committee reported the following order of exercises for to day:

Institute will open with prayer

Theory and Practice of Teaching, by S. F. Bennett.

Essay—"Education of the Young," by Miss Julia Sutton.

Geography, by Prof I W Pratt.

Orthography and Orthoepy, by Prof. A. J. Anderson.

An essay, by Mrs P. Crandall

The Science of Fractions, by Prof. D. M C. Gault.

Essays by Miss Hodgdon and Mrs. W. W Freeman.

Common Arithmetic, by E. P. Smith.

Reading, by C. G. Morey.

Fundamental Rules, N. Pearcy.

Square Root, Prof. T. F Royal.

Addresses by Prof. J. M. Williamson and S. C. Simpson, Esq.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Report of the Central Grammar School for the term ending July 1, 1873. James M. Williamson, Principal; Miss Julia A. Sutton and Mrs. O. S. Phelps, Assistants.

GRAMMAR DEPARTMENT.

Number boys enrolled, 55, girls, 70, total, 125
Average daily attendance, 109

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.

Miss L. Ritchey, Teachers. and Mrs. W. W. Freeman,
Number boys enrolled, 57, girls, 40, total, 97.
Average daily attendance, 85.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Miss Mary L. Pollock and Miss Selina Barker, Teachers
Number boys enrolled, 100, girls, 60 total, 166.
Average daily attendance, 100.

RECAPITULATION.

Grammar department enrolled, 125 intermediate department enrolled, 97. primary department enrolled, 166, number enrolled in school, 388

In an article on "The Massacre of the Modoc Captives," the *Independent* has the following:

When Captain Jack was a boy (we have the story from Joaquin Miller, who was for a while adopted by the Modoc tribe, as well as from other sources), the Modocs became involved in war with the whites, who were scouring the country in search of gold. A fearless fuffian, named Ben Wright, took the field with a company of men. Not succeeding in the border warfare as well as he wished, he proposed to the Modoc chiefs a council to make a lasting treaty. The leaders consented and came in. Captain Wright told them to bring in all their warriors, that they might celebrate their treaty with a big feast. The Indians gathered in great numbers, laid down their arms, and at a signal Wright and his men fell upon them and murdered them without mercy. Captain Wright boasted that he had made "a permanent treaty with at least a thousand Indians."

The autumn season has fairly set in, and ever, man will want a tight suit which I can be clothed at a reasonable figure. There is no necessity of throwing away your high priced goods when you can get a good article of [illegible] goods at [illegible] square foot. Call and attest with call on Beck & Waldman where clothing can be found. They pay [illegible] to attention to fitting [illegible]

Don't grumble with unsuitable clothes while an opportunity is afforded you to obtain wearing apparel at only a nominal sum. You have applied chance to get a suit of clothing to fit when you call on C. Kan & Co. 93 Front street, where the counters are crowded with the very latest styles. Twenty dollars will buy a fine outfit there.

Toothache proceeds from agony to the face, operating upon the exposed nerve of a decayed tooth. Rub the gum thoroughly with the finger, wet with *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*, heat the face well and lap a flannel wet with the liniment on the face, also put a little liniment in the cavity of the tooth, on cotton.

COMMON COUNCIL.

REGULAR MEETING, July 2, 1873.

The Common Council of the city of Portland met pursuant to ordinance, his Honor Mayor H. Lating presiding.

Present—W. S. Caldwell, Clerk; J. H. Lappens, Chief of Police. Councilmen Besser, Burton, Caywood, Hill, Hoyt, Lyon, Moreland, Russell and Story.

The Journal of last meeting was approved as recorded.

The Mayor stated that as there seemed to be no law providing for the appointment of the Standing Committees by the Mayor he preferred that the Council should elect.

Councilman Burton offered a resolution providing that the first business transacted under the order of Miscellaneous Business be the election of the city officers to be chosen by the Council and the Standing Committees for the ensuing year. The resolution was adopted.

AN ORDINANCE PERIOD

A communication hitherto filed with the Auditor June 13th, by Hon H Wasserman, then Mayor, vetoing the ordinance in reference to the employment of Chinese on work done under contracts let by the city, was read. The ordinance was then read for information. The question being, "Shall the ordinance pass notwithstanding the objections of the Mayor?" the vote stood 5 ayes and 4 noes, so the ordinance failed to pass.

PETITIONS.

The petition of G. C. Love, setting forth that he was injured at the time of the fire of December 22, 1872, and had ever since been unable to follow his usual avocations, was in needy circumstances, and asking the Council for relief, was read and referred to the Committee on Fire and Water.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

The Special Committee to which was referred the claim of Hall & Hanley for the use of their scow at the time of the fire last December reported recommending the payment of $25 in full of said claim. The report was adopted and a warrant ordered drawn for $25.

DELINQUENT TAXES.

The Chief of Police reported the amount of delinquent taxes which had been collected by him, and that owing to the failure of the Oregon *Herald* to publish the notice of sale of real estate for delinquent taxes it would be necessary that an *alias* warrant issue and that republication be made. The report was adopted and an *alias* warrant was ordered issued.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

The Quarterly Report of E. D. Backenstos, City Treasurer, was read and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

The Semi-Annual Report of the Auditor was read and referred to the Committee on Accounts and Current Expenses with orders to have the same published in the Oregonian and *Bulletin*, if found to be correct.

The Auditor reported certain persons entitled to fees for attendance as witnesses in the Police Court. The matter was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

CLAIMS AGAINST THE CITY.

The following claims were ordered paid by warrant:

Portland Gaslight Co., $16 45; Geo. H Himes & Co., $2 50; J. R Gill & Co., $39 10; P. T. Smith, $60; Andrew C. Smith, $6; John D. Drew, $5 17; Willamet Iron Works, $20 89; *Bulletin*, $35 60; Police Commissioners, $81; Portland Gaslight Co., $532 90; R. Hendrie, $415 53; W. S. Halprumer, $107; W. S. Halprumer, $36. The bill of the assignees of the *Herald* Printing Co., $7, for publishing Notice of Election 1 time, was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

BUSINESS ON THE TABLE.

The petition of T. J. Carter, for rebatement of taxes, was taken from the table and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

A resolution in regard to the employment of Chinese on Public Works was taken from the table and adopted. The resolution sets forth that it is the sense of the Council that no Chinese should be employed on city work.

ORDINANCES.

An ordinance defining the duties and fixing the compensation of the Superintendent of Streets was read for information and referred to the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

According to resolution the Council proceeded to the election of officers, with the following result:

On the first ballot W. S. Caldwell was unanimously chosen Auditor and Clerk.

W. S. Chapman was unanimously elected City Surveyor for the ensuing year.

C. W. Parrish and M. F. Mulkey were nominated for City Attorney. On the first ballot M. F. Mulkey received 5 votes and C. W. Parrish 4. So M. F. Mulkey was declared elected.

On the first ballot for Superintendent of Streets, R. A. Habersham received a unanimous vote and was declared elected.

ELECTION OF COMMITTEES.

The election of standing committees resulted as follows:

Committee on Ways and Means—Messrs. Hill, Russell and Story.

Accounts and Current Expenses—Messrs. Lyon, Moreland, Story.

Fire and Water—Messrs. Caywood, Burton, Hill.

Streets and Public Property—Messrs Besser, Burton, Lyon.

Landings and Wharves—Messrs. Hoyt, Besser, Caywood.

Health and Police—Messrs. Caywood, Moreland, Story.

Judiciary—Messrs. Russell, Hill, Burton.

Elections—Messrs. Besser, Hoyt, Russell.

River Improvements—Messrs. Moreland, Hoyt, Lyon.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Councilman Story offered a resolution authorizing the Auditor to draw a warrant for $1 500 in favor of B. G. Whitehouse, Treasurer of the Fourth of July Committee. The resolution was adopted.

A resolution instructing the City Surveyor to prepare a map of the city of Portland for the use of the City Assessor was read and referred to the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

On motion the Council adjourned.

Shipping Iron to England.

It is not long since it was believed that "sending coals to Newcastle" was a probability so remote as to be unworthy of a serious thought. Yet coals have during the past year, been shipped from the United States, on the orders of British dealers, not only to England but in large quantities to other sections of the globe on British account. And, now, a telegram from England informs us that "there is quite a demand in England for American iron," and one of the largest iron manufacturers in Pennsylvania says the shipment of iron from this country to England has become a profitable branch of trade.

If we inquire for the cause of this remarkable change in the usual course of trade, it will be found to proceed directly from the system of "protection to home industries." By this the importation of iron was checked, and the investment of capital in our own iron industries made profitable. Developements followed with a rapidity of progress never before known. Millions of capital were employed in building new furnaces in Pennsylvania, Michigan, Missouri, and other States. The aggregate product of iron was, in consequence, largely increased, while at the same time prices were reduced, until competition in the English markets has been made profitable.

As a single fact at the same time a most forcible illustration of the results of protection, take the article of steel rails. Formerly the tracks on our railroads were laid with iron rails. In 1850 to 1860 the superiority and the economy of steel rails were established. Just then Professor Bessemer had completed, most successfully, his method of converting iron into steel by a new and rapid process, and at a much less cost than was formerly required. England reaped the benefit of the discovery, and went largely into the manufacture of steel rails, not only for her own railroads, but for shipment to the United States. But British steel rails cost $200 per ton, yet one of the great railroad men of this country remarked that "he would rather pay that price for steel rails than use iron rails if they cost him nothing."

In 1862 and 1863 capitalists in the United States purchased the right of using the Bessemer patents, and immediately commenced the establishments for the manufacture of steel rails. Congress put a duty of one cent a pound on imported rails, and in 1863 rails of American manufacture were supplied in limited quantities at $175 per ton. The price of English rails was immediately reduced with the view of continuing the monopoly of the American markets. But our product of steel rails had increased in 1864 and 1865 and the price was further reduced to $150 per ton. The English competitors fell even below that figure in the price of their rails, and the competition continued until our manufacturers reduced the cost of rails to $100 per ton for large contracts, and $112 for small lots.

Yet at that price they assert that the business under the present tariff can be made successful.

Without the cent a pound duty, no American capitalist could have been found to invest in an enterprise that could not possibly have succeeded in its infancy against British competition.

Desperately Situated.

TWO MEN LEAVE BOISE CITY IN A BOATEN ROUTE TO PORTLAND

From the Mountain Sentinel:

A Mr. Latham, and another man whose name we could not learn, but was formerly a musical director in the McGinley concert troupe, sometime since left Boise City in a boat, determined to make their way to Portland, and intended trapping as they passed down the rivers leisurely. Their practice was, when approaching rapids, to fasten their boat to the beach and proceed down the side of the river on foot and ascertain what they had to encounter. At a point opposite and distant from the head of the Wallowa about 40 miles, they came to some rapids. As usual they fastened, as they supposed securely, their boat to a stake driven in the sand. After being absent two hours they started on their return, when to their amazement they discovered their boat gliding swiftly down Snake river, containing everything they had to eat, their arms, money, furs and all the clothing of Latham except a shirt and pair of overalls. They followed the boat down the river, but could not keep pace with it. Luckily in going through the rapids the boat capsized, and a sack of flour found its way to an eddy on the side of the river on which they were. This was secured and the wet separated from the dry flour, and a dreary march was begun, one being barefooted, hoping to strike some settlement, but what one they knew not. For 13 days they wandered over a wilderness of country, going around the heads of streams they could not cross, encountering snows, deep canyons and mountains, and hardships easier imagined than endured. They used up all the matches they happened to have about them and were forced to carry brands with which to kindle fires at night to prevent their being chilled to death. They found the remains of a deer, and succeeded in obtaining enough of what the wolves had left to make two meals. Fortunately on the thirteenth day they came to John McCall's cabin on Prairie creek near the head of the upper Wallowa valley. John took them in and did all in his power to alleviate their sufferings, foot sore, hungry and nearly naked as they were.

If you want pure, fine liquors of any kind, go to E. D Tyne's, northwest corner of Oak and First streets, agent for the sale of Jessie Moore & Co.'s fine Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies of Louisville, Ky.

The system frequently gets out of order, and should be at once regulated, else other troubles will ensue. When physic is needed, take *Parson's Purgative Pills*. They are a safe, wholesome and natural medicine.

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je10 DAN'L B. FO

Reminiscences of Southern Pulpit Eloquence.

In the autumn of 1830 I attended a Methodist camp-meeting in the interior of Georgia, and heard a sermon which I have never been able to forget or describe. At the earnest solicitation of friends, I have attempted several times to write it. But it cannot be put on paper. The main force of it was in the snuffling and spitting and groaning and hound-after-a fox sort of yelp and whine, to which no pen can do justice. It must be *intoned* to be appreciated. I have preached it a thousand times for the amusement of friends, and have been satisfied with my effort. I have used it as a remedial agent in exorcising the demons of hypochondria, and have never failed "to send them down a steep place in the sea," or somewhere else, to the great relief of the sufferer.

The speaker had just been licensed and it was his first sermon. In person he was small, bullet-headed, of a fair, sandy complexion, and his countenance was indicative of sincerity and honesty.

His remarks evinced great reverence for the works of God as manifested in zoology and natural history, and "was taking up the Bible in regular order for the first time in his life." He had gotten as far as the history of Noah, the Ark, the Flood, etc. Besides, "just before his conversion he had been reading Goldsmith's 'Animated Nater,' and the two together, by the aid and assistance of the Sperit, had led him into a powerful train of thinking as he stood at his work bench day in and day out."

But whatever his sermon may have been, it was his own. The text was: "As it was in the days of Noah, so shall the coming of the Son of Man be." After commenting upon that portion of Genesis descriptive of the Flood, he "warmed up" suddenly, and broke out in the following strains:

"Yes, my brethren, the heavens of the windows was opened-ah, and the floods of the g-r-e-a-t deep kivered the waters-ah, an I there was Shem, and there Ham, and there Japheth-ah, a-l-l a-gwine into the Ark-ah.

"And there was the elephant-ah, that g-r-e-a-t animal-ah, of which Goldsmith describes in his 'Animated Nater'-ah what is as big as a house-ah, and his bones as big as a t_e ah, depending somewhat on the size of the tree ah, a-l-l a-gwine into the Ark-ah. And the heavens of the windows was opened-ah, and the floods of the g-r-e-a-t deep kivered the waters-ah, and there was Shem, and there was Ham, and there was Japheth ah, a-l-l a-gwine into the Ark-ah.

"And there was the hippopotamus-ah, that g-r-e-a-t animal of which Goldsmith describes in his 'Animated Nater'-ah what has a g-r-e-a-t horn-ah a-stickin' right straight up out of his fo..ead-ah, six feet long, more or less ah, depending somewhat on the length of it-ah, a-l-l a-gwine into the Ark-ah.

"And there was a giraffe-ah, my brethrin, that ill-contrived reptile of which Goldsmith describes in his 'Animated Nater'-ah, whose forelegs is twenty-five feet long-ah, more or less-ah, depending somewhat on the length of 'em-ah, and a neck so long he can eat hay off the top of a barn-ah, depending somewhat on the hithe of the barn-ah, a-l-l a-gwine into the Ark-ah. And the heavens of the windows was opened-ah, and the floods of the great deep kivered the waters-ah; and there was Shem, and there was Ham, and there was Japheth-ah, a-l-l a-gwine into the Ark-ah.

"And there was the zebra, my brethering-ah, that beautiful animal of which Goldsmith describes in his 'Animated Nater'-ah, what has three hundred stripes a-runnin' right straight round his body-ah, more or less, depending somewhat on the number of stripes ah, and nary two stripes alike-ah, a-l-l a-gwine into the Ark-ah.

"And there was the anaconder-ah, that great sarpint of which Goldsmith describes in his 'Animated Nater'-ah, what can swallow six oxens at a meal-ah, provided his appetite don't call for less-ah, a-l-l a-gwine into the Ark-ah. And the heavens of the windows was opened-ah, and the floods of the great deep kivered the waters ah, and there was Shem, and there was Ham, and there was Japheth-ah, a-l-l a-gwine into the Ark-ah.

"And there was the lion, my brethren-ah, what is the king of beasts, accordin' to Scripter-ah, and who, as St. Paul says-ah, prowls about of a night like a roarin' devil-ah, a-seekin' if he can't catch somebody-ah, a-l-l a-gwine into the Ark-ah.

"And there was the antelope-ah, my brethren, that frisky little critter-ah, of which Goldsmith describes in his 'Animated Nater'-ah, what can jump seventy-five foot straight up-ah, and twice that distance down-ah, provided his legs will take him that fur-ah, a-l-l a-gwine into the Ark ah. And the heavens of the windows was opened-ah, and the floods of the great deep kivered the waters-ah, and there was Shem, and there was Ham, and there was Japheth-ah, a-l-l a-gwine into the Ark-ah."

Just at this point he stopped speaking a few moments, wiped his forehead, turned back his wristbands, ran his fingers through his hair, spit and rubbed his boot in it, drank a little water, commenced on a lower key, and proceeded as follows:

"But time would fail me, my brethren, to describe all the animals that went into the Ark ah. Your patience and my strength would give out before I got half through-ah. We talk, my brethren, about the faith of Abraham and the patience of Job-ah; but it strikes me they didn't go much ahead of old Noer-ah. It took a right smart chance o' both, to gether up all that gopher-wood and pitch and other truck for to build that craft-ah. I am a sort of carpenter myself, and have some idee of the job-ah. But to hammer, and saw, and maul, and split away on that one thing a hundred and twenty year-ah—I tell ye, my bretherin, if the Lord had a-sot Job at that, it's my opinion he would a-tuck his wife's advice inside of fifty year-ah. Besides, no doubt, his righteous soul was vexed every day, hand runnin', with the filthy communications of the blasphemious set that was always a-loaferin' and a-santerin' around-ah, a-pickin' up his tools and a-misplacin' 'em, and a-callin' him an old fool or somethin' worse-ah; and, to clap the climax, he was a preacher, and had that ungodly generation on his hands every Sunday-ah. But the Lord stood by him and seed him through the job-ah; and when everything was ready he didn't send Noer out to scrimage and scour and hunt all over the wild world for to git up the critters and varmonts that he wanted saved-ah. They all come to his hand of their own accord, and Noer only had to head 'em in and fix 'em around in their places-ah. Then he gathered up his own family, and the Lord shut him in, and the windows of the heavens was opened-ah.

"But, my bretherin, Noer-ah had use for patience after this-ah. Think what a time he must a-had a-feedin' and a-waterin' and a-cleanin' out after such a crowd-ah. Some of 'em, according to Goldsmith's 'Animated Nater'-ah, was carnivorious, and wanted fresh meat-ah, and some was herbivorious, and wanted vegetable food-ah; and some was wormivorious, and swallered live things whole-ah; and he had to feed everything according to its nater. Hence, we view, my bretheren-ah, as the nater of the animals wasn't altered by going into the Ark-ah, some of 'em would roar, and howl, and bark, and bray, and squeal, and blate the whole indurin' night-ah, a-drivin' sleep from his eyes and slumber from his eyelets-ah; and at the first streak o' daylight the last hoof of 'em would set up a noise according to its nater ah, and the bulls of Bashan wer'nt nowhar-ah. I've often wondered how their women stood it. Scripter is silent on this pint-ah; but I think I know of some that would a-been vapory and nervious under such circumstances-ah, and in an onguarded moment might a-said somethin' besides their prayers-ah."

Here the speaker stopped again, spit, took water, etc., and hastened to a conclusion.

"My brethrin," said he, "one more word for old Noer-ah and I will draw to a close-ah. After the outbeatin' time he had, first and last, for so many hundred year-ah, if he did by accident or otherwise, take a leetle too much wine on one occasion-ah, I think less ort to a-been said about it-ah. Besides, I think he was entitled to one spree-ah, as he made the wine himself, and, accordin' to Scripter, it was glad the heart o' man-ah.

"My brethrin, as it was in the days of Noer-ah, so shall the coming of the Son of Man be-ah. The world will never be drownded agin-ah. It will be sot afire, and burnt up, root and branch, with a fervient heat-ah. Oh! what will wicked, undone sinners do on that orful day-ah? They won't feel fit for to live nor for to die ah. They will be put to their wit's end, and knock and straddle around in every direction-ah. For all at once, by brethrin-ah, they will behold the heavens a-darkenin'-ah, the seas a-roarin'-ah, the tombs a-burstin'-ah, the mountains a-meltin'-ah; and everything, I think, will be in a confused and onsettled state.

"May the Lord add His blessing. Amen!"

A REVOLT IN A HAREM.—The short sojourn of the Shah of Persia, in Moscow, was marked by a striking change in his arrangements, for His Majesty, while in that city, came to the decision to send back to Teheran the four or five Persian ladies who had traveled so far in his household. It is stated that during the journey from Astrakhan to Moscow the Shah was much occupied with the question of the proper accommodation of these ladies, who traveled under the title of servants. His Majesty telegraphed to Moscow more than once upon the subject, and, on learning that apartments in the palace had been prepared for them, the Shah suddenly decided on their being placed in a country house near Moscow. The ladies, not relishing this isolation, sent a messenger to the Shah complaining that they were not suitably lodged. His Majesty was displeased with his Ministers and directed that the ladies should come to the palace, where he waited till after their arrival before he proceeded to the theatre. It appears that his favorite wife wished to go also to the theatre, but the Shah would not permit it. On the next evening, after His Majesty's second visit to the ballet and to the ball at the hall of the hotel of Prince Dolgoroukoff, it is said that the ladies were loud in their complaints, probably because being in Europe they expected to be allowed in some sort to follow European fashions. However, the Shah determined to send them back, and, despite their tears and protestations, he adhered to his determination, so that a few hours before His Majesty left Moscow the ladies started by railway for Riazan, en route for Persia.

THE UNIVERSITY OF BERLIN.—The Prussian newspapers comment with much dissatisfaction on the gradual diminution of the number of students in the University of Berlin. It appears that there are fewer students entered for the Easter term than there were last autumn, while at the University of Leipsig the numbers have increased by 100. Last year Leipsig had 2,650 students, or 732 more than Berlin. The Cologne *Gazette* observes that the decline of what was formerly the first university of Germany is daily becoming more evident, and it attributes this chiefly to the niggardliness of the Government. "While the Saxon Ministry," it says, "does everything to raise the position of the University of Leipzig by attracting eminent men to act as professors, the Prussian Ministry of Education, though it sometimes endeavors to obtain such men for Berlin, generally fails in the attempt. It will hardly be believed that the negotiations have almost always broken down on the question of salary. Who can believe that in the capital of the German Empire, the center of intelligence, funds cannot be obtained for the payment of eminent professors, which are yet furnished by smaller German States? The late Minister of Education, Herr von Muhler, showed great slackness on this point; but his successor, Herr Falk, has hitherto done nothing to boast of in the matter. We do not know whether it is true that when a savant of the first-class declined to accept a professorship at Berlin, the Minister consoled himself by the remark that Berlin must be satisfied with a second rate man; but it is certain that he has hitherto acted on this principle. If this goes on the Berlin University will have to be satisfied after a time with the third and fourth rate teachers."

A COMEDIAN'S REVENGE.—A celebrated comedian arranged with a green grocer, one Berry, to pay him quarterly; but the green grocer sent his account long before the quarter was due. The Comedian, in great warmth, called upon the green grocer, and laboring under the impression that his credit was doubted, said: "I say, here's a pretty *mull*, Berry; you have sent in your *bill*, Berry, before it is *due*, Berry. Your father, the *elder*, Berry, would not have been such a *goose*, Berry; but you need not look so *black*, Berry, for I don't care a *straw*, Berry, and I shan't pay you till *Christmas*, Berry.

The retiring editor of a paper in Clay county, Kansas, prints this brief valedictory: "To the readers of the *Dispatch*, I would say: If I have said anything through the columns that I am sorry for, I am glad of it. To my friends, I thank you for your liberality; and to my enemies, you can go to the d——."

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, July 2, 1873.

Gold in New York to-day, 115⅞.

Portland L. & T. ader rates, 85½ buying; 86½ selling.

Gold bars are quotable at 300 fine.

Wheat in Liverpool—Average California, 11s 10d@11s 12d; club, 12s@12s 4d.

Our local money market is still in a somewhat unsettled condition. Collection day has passed generally satisfactory—an evidence of a plentier state of the circulating medium—but still high rates are demanded for the use of money, and borrowers must pay it or go unaccommodated. Our individual belief in a more abundant supply of funds to move the grain crop this season than last is strengthened by the universal reports of reduced rates for money at the commercial centers in the East, the increased deposits in the banks of the country, and the lessened demand for specie for export.

Financial sharps and jugglers have already started through the press rumored apprehensions of a panic in the gold market. The time of its occurrence has not been definitely fixed, but its coming at some period next fall is pretty extensively prophesied. We have been unable so far to see that such discouraging predictions are well founded, or have anything like good warrant in present circumstances or indications. On the other hand, we see throughout all sections of our country signs of returning prosperity. A fair management of our national finances under present laws, and a "letting alone" of the currency question by Congress, will be the best things that can happen to us for awhile, and with these and the revival of our manufacturing interests, and the increase of our agricultural resources, added to cheaper transportation, would render our prosperity financially and commercially as certain as human efforts could well make it.

Oregon Wool at the East.

We record with some satisfaction the fact that Oregon wool is taking something like its proper place at the East, and is not, as was once universally the case, classed among California products. In the New York *Times* of June 19th we notice sales of Pacific coast wools reported as follows: California fall, chiefly at 20@30c; spring, 25@30c; Colorado at 21½c, and 15,000 pounds of Oregon at 37½c ℘ lb, a very material difference in favor of our State.

The Navigation of the Columbia River.

It is not very often the press of California speaks out so plainly in favor of Oregon's interests as is done in the following article from the *Commercial Herald* of San Francisco on "The Navigation of the Columbia River," and the necessity of the Government paying some attention to the wants of the country. The writer evidently knows whereof he speaks, and we trust his words will receive the heed which they merit. He says:

We are about to put on record irrefragable evidence of the indifference shown by the Government to the interests of this coast, and the ignorance or prejudice which prevails at the East in reference to the Pacific Slope. From Eastport, in Maine, to the mouth of the Rio Grande, a continuous line of service is maintained by the large number of revenue cutters stationed so as to be regularly in communication with one another. Commerce is assisted at all seasons of the year, a great amount of suffering averted or alleviated; many vessels and lives saved, and the United States revenues preserved from the great loss which would occur without such vigilant care. The same condition of things exists upon the great lakes; but how different is it on this side of the continent. With a line of sea-coast much more extensive than that of the Atlantic side, we are provided with three revenue cutters; one at San Francisco, to do duty south as far as San Diego and north as far as the Oregon line, another at Puget Sound, performing service in which Oregon is not included; and the third at Alaska. If the cutter on this station is very active, she may visit her cruising ground once in sixty days, during which time she can render no service in this bay and harbor. The trade of the Columbia river is already large and steadily increasing, and it is there that the presence of a revenue cutter is specially needed. The bar at the mouth of the Columbia is a serious obstacle to the enlargement of that trade, and although its terrors could be reduced to a minimum by stationing such a vessel there, absolutely nothing has been done to secure that end, and the Government has not even a small open boat with which an inspector can board a ship, or place a pilot on her deck. Last year some twelve or more foreign ships loaded at Portland, but they were compelled, in many instances, to lie off and on for three or four weeks before they could obtain a pilot, being afraid to venture too near the land without a strong leading breeze. Many another has been stranded there and gone to pieces, but could have been saved if Government had kept a steam cutter on that station. Senator Kelly tried hard to convince Mr. Boutwell of the truths herein set forth, but after exhausting all his arguments he was completely floored and silenced by Mr. Boutwell's cool assertion, that there was not water enough there to float a cutter. The Senator forgot that but a little while previous he had crossed the Columbia bar in a propeller drawing *seventeen feet* of water. It is strange that interests of such great and growing importance can neither recommend themselves to the earnest attention of the Government, nor find capable advocates among those who undertake to represent them. It is still stranger that a gentleman holding the position of Secretary of the Treasury, and having constant access to all the facts, should assert that there is not water enough on the Columbia river bar to float a revenue cutter."

Eastern Wool Market.

The following dispatches, as dated, were sent to the San Francisco papers, but were not received here:

BOSTON, June 28.—The Wool market is steady, with a firm feeling. Coarse Western is neglected. Ohio is quoted at 45@52½c; extra Michigan, 48@50c; Kentucky combing 44@45c; unwashed Western combing, 35@43c; tub, 50@64c; scoured, 55@60c; fine rolls, 75c.

PHILADELPHIA, July 28.—In the Wool market there is no improvement in demand; the new clip is beginning to come in more freely, manufacturers are purchasing only for immediate necessity, under the impression that lower prices must prevail as the season advances. Ohio, 44@51c; Colorado white, 24@28; washed, 22½c; black, 16@17; Indiana tub, 56c; pulled, 40@41c; combing Ohio, 53½@60c; domestic rolls, 47½@67½c; unwashed, 32@45.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—There are but few transactions taking place though limited lots are offering in the interior, and occasional purchases made at $1 50 per cental, sacked and delivered here, which seems to be the ruling price. There will, probably, be but little movement until the new crop is received.

FLOUR—The market is quiet and prices steady at our quotations of $5 per barrel for extra of standard brands, $4 25@4 75 for country and outside brands. $4 for superfine and $3 75 for fine. The receipts are quite small but to keep up stocks under the present demand.

OATS—But few lots are now offering, and buyers seem indifferent under the dull demand. Quotations are for nished at 50 cents per bushel.

BARLEY—The local demand for good brewing continues quite fair, and for such jobbers freely offer $1 50 per cwt; for feed the demand is limited. We quote from fair to choice at $1 45@1 50, sacked.

FEED—There has been but little change for several weeks, the home demand being good, and prices steady at $28@30 per ton for Shorts and Middlings, and $20 for Bran. Prices are deemed high, considering the prevailing rates for wheat and the season.

HAY—With the receipts of the new crop, the price has receded until good Timothy can be bought at $10 per ton. We notice in an exchange up the Valley, a statement that complete preparations for shipping Hay to Portland, have been made by the W. R. T. Co., and farmers are advised "to ship, as the article brings $20 a ton in Portland." This is a very broad mistake, and calculated to seriously mislead. No dealer here is at present offering more than $11 per ton for the best.

POTATOES—Increased receipts of the new crop are noted and prices incline downward. From wagons, sales are made at 1@1¼ cents per pound. The old crop is scarcer, and selling at 50@60 cents per bushel.

BUTTER—The supply is fair as to quantity, and up to average of Oregon made in quality. Prices are weak at 15@22 cents for fair to choice, and 12@18 for inferior and fair cooking.

EGGS—We note no important change in prices since our last review. The supply is adequate to the demand, which is quiet, San Francisco rates not justifying shipments, and the local trade being dull.

CHICKENS—The market is tolerably well supplied, and old are quoted at $4 per doz for best lots; spring, $2 50 per doz.

HIDES—Dealers are receiving considerable lots and paying 6@7c per lb for green, 7c for green salted 14@15c for dry, 12½c for culls. Deductions must be made for damaged lots.

WOOL—Since yesterday, we note but little change in the market, buyers taking all choice lots offering at about 20@22c per lb. The greater portion of the spring clip received so far has been of excellent quality, fine texture and long. The question of tonnage for our surplus of this commodity is one now seriously considered as affecting the prices. No unusual movement or change in rates had taken place in San Francisco or at the East up to our latest advices. Receipts here so far are near half a million pounds.

Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—Flour—Range for all brands of extra, $5 50. Sale 200 bbls Los Gatos XXX $5 50.

Wheat—there were considerable purchases of shipping yesterday at $1 65; lots alongside $1 75. Sales of 900 sks choice at $1 70. 7,000 sks good shipping $1 65.

Barley—200 tons, wanted for export, $1 10 offered; sale 2,000 sks brewing, private; 400 sks good feed, $1 12½ to $1 20, and brewing $1 20@1 25; sales of 500 sks feed $1 15; 200 sks $1 12½, 200 sks $1 17½; 950 sks $1 15 for cash.

Oats—700 sks good California $1 75@1 80, Oregon $1 80@1 95.

Potatoes—400 sks Cuffee Cove $1 62½; other kinds $1@1 10.

Onions—$1@1 25; common large yellow $1 27½@1 30, small yellow $1 32½@1 35; sales of 200 sacks at all yellow, $1 32½.

Corn Meal—Mill rates 1¾@2c ℘ lb.

Buckwheat—Quiet at $1 25@1 27½.

Rye—Dull at 2c ℘ lb.

Seeds—Canary jobbing at 4@6c; flax, 3c, California mustard, 2@3c ℘ lb.

Beans—Jobbing as follows: Bayo, 4c; large butter, 7c; pea and small white, 7c; pink and red, 4c.

Hops—None in first hands. Jobbing at 50c ℘ lb.

Broom Corn—Stock all in second hands. Quotable at $50@120 ℘ ton.

Ripe Fruit—Apples 50@75c for cooking and 75c@$1 for eating; pears, $1 to $1 50; peaches, $1@2; plums, $1 per box for June, and 8@10c ℘ lb for royal native; cherries 8 to 10c for common and 15 to 20 for choice; currants 4 to 7c; blackberries, 15 cents; gooseberries, 7c; raspberries, 9@10c; strawberries, 5@8c; apricots, 2¼@5c; bananas, $2 50@3 50 per bunch; pine apples, $7@8 per doz; lemons, $7 per hundred, limes, $1 50@$1 75; oranges, $4 per thousand.

Hay—$12@16 ℘ ton; straw, $1 ℘ bale.

Feed—800 sks bran sold from wharf at $20 50; sks prime, $22 50; middlings, $27 50; oil cake meal, $30.

Dairy Products—Fresh roll butter, 24@30c; packed roll firkin butter, same range. Cheese, 10@13c; fancy, 14@15c ℘ lb. California eggs, 31@32½c; Oregon, 22½c ℘ doz.

Poultry—Live turkeys, scarce; price, 25c ℘ lb; hens and roosters, $7@9; small chickens, $3 50a4 50; ducks, $7@8; geese, $10@12 ℘ doz.

Wild Game—Hare, $2@3 50; rabbits, $1 50@1 75, larks, doves and other small birds, 75c ℘ doz.

Provisions—California bacon is jobbing at 12½@13½c; Eastern, 13½@14c; shoulders, 9@11½c; California hams, 13½@14c; Eastern sugar-cured, 16½@18c; smoked beef, 10½@11c; California lard, 12@13c; Eastern, 11½c; in kegs, tierces and buckets, 12c; in caddies, 13c; pork, $18 for mess prime; $21 for mess; $21 for clear; $22 for extra clear.

Wool—Good demand during the week, one house selling 250,000 lbs, another 150,000 lbs, and another 150,000 lbs. Burry is still dull at 10@15c; fair to choice clear, northern, 18@24c.

Cotton—Last reported sales, California, 18c ℘ lb.

Hides—1,400 California salted, 8c; 1,500 California, 16@17c @ lb.

Tallow—60,000 lbs of good, private, 6c ℘ lb.

Shipping Intelligence.

The Forward, Garibaldi and Hermine are all discharging cargo at their berths in this city. Several sailing vessels are due from San Francisco at this port, but at latest advices from Astoria none of them had put in an appearance inside the bar. The steamship Ajax from San Francisco, overdue, has not yet arrived.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—Arrived—Big River, Coos Bay.

Sailed—British steamer MacGregor, Yokohama; Forest Queen, Port Townsend; Free Trade, Portland.

General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Mowers. Buckeye new model, $130. Buckeye, No. 2, $140. Buckeye, No. 1, $155; Buckeye Self-Raker, $250; Hand Raker, $225; Buckeye Dropper, $225; Clipper No. 2, 130; No. 3, 140, No. 4, 150; No. 5, 155; Sprague Mowers, Nos. 1 and 2 125 and 135, Union 125; Lodge's Reaper, No. 1, 250; No 2 230; Excelsior Reaper and Mower, 230; McCormick's Self-Raker, 200; Hand-Raker 175. Harvesters: Marsh's, 240, Haines' Headers, 335 and 355. Threshers: Vibrator Thresher, 8-horse mounted power, complete, $875; 10 horse mounted power, complete, $945. Sweepstakes, $650 to $825, with or without mounted power, Pitt's Improved Buffalo, Nos 1 to 5, $660 to 825; Tornado, 775 to 825; Wheeler's Endless Chain, 500 to 525. Wagons: Bain, 3-inch to 4-inch thimble skein, 150 to 180; Pacific do. 145 to 175; Mitchell, with patent or square hounds and roller brake, 145 to $165.

BAGS AND BAGGING—Quotable for standard size, 19@20c as per quality and quantity; Flour Sacks, 11¼c; Burlap, per yard, 14a15c.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Portland made Fr calf p s, d s, and t s boots, $72@75; Portland made kip boots, $60; J. K. & Co. B. B. B. extra French calf p s or t s boots, $72@75; J. K. & Co. favorite heavy calf, plain or quilted, boots, $63; J. K. & Co. Standard's, standing edge boots, $54; gents' B. calf Prince Albert's face stitch boots, $33, gent's B calf Prince Albert's lace stitch boots, $30; gent's cable sewed Oxford Ties, $30, gent's goat foxed g'ove top Congress shoes, $54; men's Rudd's adjustable lace bals, $30; men's buckle plow shoes, full stock, $27. Inferior grades at much lower quotations. Boys' Prince Albert's face stitch boots, $25 50; boys' Prince Edward's lace stitch boots, $24; boys' wax plow shoes, $19 50; youths' cable sewed Oxford ties, $18. Ladies' S. F. kid fox bals, $19 50a24, ladies' J. K. & Co. kid fox bals, $27a30; ladies' J. K. & Co. plain lasting bals, $24@30; ladies' Portland made calf bals, $24@27; ladies' buff pegged bals, $16 50. Misses and children's proportionately less.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Local demand dull at prices ranging, for rough lumber, $12@14; dressed, $30@30; flooring, $25@28; lath, $3 per M; shingles, $2 50; Eastern hardwood, 17@20c per foot.

BROOMS—Common, $4@5 ℘ dozen; extra, $5 50a7.

CANNED GOODS—Oysters $3 50@4; Jams and Jellies $4 50; Los Angeles Honey, $4 50; Strawberries $4 50; Raspberries, $4 75; Blackberries $4 00; Pine Apple, $3 50; Green Gages, $3 75@4; Peaches, $4 25@4 50; Pie Fruit, $3@3 50; Green Peas, $3 50; Green Beans, $3 50; Lobsters, $3 50@3 75; Clams, $4; Green Corn, $3@3 25; Tomatoes, $3 25.

CANDLES—We quote market firm at 17@22c, full weight; light weight 16c.

CEMENT, &c.—New Jersey, $6; Astoria, $4 50, Calcine Plaster, $5, Land Plaster, $4 00; Santa Cruz Lime, $2 75; San Juan Lime, $2 75.

COFFEE—Market well sustained at the following jobbing prices: Costa Rica 21½@22; Guatemala, 21½@22; Rio and Manila, 21½@22; Java, 28@29c; J. F. Jones & Co's Ground Java, 29c; Chartres, 27c; Phoenix Premium, 22@23c.

DRUGS—Quotable in jobbing lots for Alum, 4 lbs, 6c, Borax, 30a37. Blue Vitriol, 12½@13c; Potash [Grantz], 1lb can, 20c, $2 25; Rosin, ℘ bbl, $12a15, Saltpetre, kegs, 18@30c; Sulphur, $8@10.

DRY GOODS—Standard drills, 15@16 cts; seconds, 13c; Sheetings, light, 11½c; medium, 12½c, standard, 14@15½c; house lining, 9½c; bleached sheeting, ¾, 8@10c, do, ⅞, 13½c, do, 4-4, 12½@25c. Cotton checks, 15a30c; linen checks, 15a25c; cambrics, 10c. Cotton flannel, bleached, 16a, do, brown, 12½@18c. Cottonades, light, 20a25c; do, heavy, 25a45c. Denims, 15a30c. Hickory stripes, 14@25c, Standard prints, 11c; seconds do, 9c. Delaines, 18@20c. Linseys, 20a30c. Ticks, 3/4, 11½a30c; do, 4-4, 30a35c. Bear duck, 24c. Table linen damask, brown, 35a65c; damask bleached, 50c@$1. Diaper linen, 30a37½c. Sacks, seamless, 35a40c. Alpaca, black, 25a75c. Waterproof, $1 10a1 25. Crash 10a15c. Ginghams—Domestic, 16a20c. Scotch, 22a30c. Lawns, 15a27. Percales, 25a30.

FRUITS (dried, AND PRESERVES—Apples, 5½a6c; packed, 7a7½c; Peaches, 12½a13c; Hungarian Prunes, 14c, Plums, pitless, 18a20c; Raisins, new crop, in bxs, $4 50; hf do, $5 50; quarter $6; eighth boxes, $7; Zante Currants, 14c; Oregon do, 10a12c; Citron, 55a60c.

FISH—Cod, Pacific, 10c; Eastern, 11c; Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ hf bbl, $14 75, do No 2 $13 00; do kitts, No. 1, $3 50; do No. 2, $2 75; Salmon, pickled, extra brands, hf bbl, $4 50a5; bbl, $7 50a8; common brands, hf bbls, $4 00a4 25; bbls, $6 50a7 00. Canned spiced, fresh, 2-lb cans, $3 00 per doz; 1-lb, $2 25. Sardines, qrs, $2 50 a2 75; hfs, $4 50 to 4 75.

LIQUORS—Our market, jobbing prices, is quotable for Bourbon whiskies $2 25@5, Rye do $2 50@4, Domestic do $1 30@2. Brandy—French brands $4@12, California brandy $3@6. California wheat whisky $1 37½ and the advance. Gin—Holland, $3 50@5; Old Tom, $2@3 50, Rum—Penn. $3 50@5; Santa Cruz, $3 50@4 50; New England, $2@2 40; Jamaica, $4@8.

METALS—Market for jobbing lots for Iron—Scotch and English pig reported in San Francisco, $65; refined bar, ℘ lb, 5½c; Sheet 14 to 20, 9½c; do 24 to 27, 10c. Copper—Sheathing, ℘ lb, 42c; do Yellow, 49c, do bronzed tinned, 53c; do old, 11c. Tin plates—Plates charcoal, IX per box, $19 50, do IC char, $17 50; Roofing Plates, $17, Banca Tin slabs ℘ lb, 62½c. Steel—English cast steel ℘ lb 18c. Lead—Pig ℘ lb 9a 10c, Sheet 15c; Pipe 12, Bar 12@12½. Zinc—Sheets ℘ lb 11c. Babbit metal, 30@40. Quicksilver, 95c. Pressed ware has advanced 25@50 ℘c.

NUTS—Almonds, 25@30c; Brazil, 20c; Filberts, 20c; Hickory, 20c, Peanut, 10c, Pecan, 25c; Walnuts, 15a16c.

OILS—We quote our market in jobbing lots for Devoe's, 55cts; Downer's, 60@65c, Standard, 55c, Crystaline (5-gal cans), 50c; Crystalline (2-gal cans) 55c, Goodlight, 50a52½, China Nut, 92½@97c. Lard, in cases, extra, $1 25; No 1, $1 10; In barrels, extra, $1 10.

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS—Family Blankets: Superfine, $12, XX 13; X 11 50. No. 1 Extra, bound, $10, No. 1, round, 10 50, No. 2, 4 point, 8 50, No. 3, 3 point, do. Colored Blankets—3 pt Gray, black border, $5, do fancy border, 5 50, 3 pt Vicuna, 6 75, 4 pt Scarlet, 3 pt Green, 6 75, 3 pt Blue, 6 50, 3 pt Indian Striped, 7½ 4 pt Gray, fancy B, 7 25, BB 6 75; 4 pt Vicuna, 8 7, 4 pt Scarlet, 10 00, 4 pt Green, 8 75; 4 pt Blue, 8 50, 4 pt Indian, 9, No 1 Gray, 9 50. Flannels: Blue Mix Twilled, 50c ℘ yard; Scarlet, 55c; White, plain, 40c, Twilled, 50c; Fancy Shirting, twilled, 50c; Plain Colored 40 to 45, Scarlet, plain, 45c. Cloths: Hard Times, 90, to $1, Cassimeres, 1 10 to 1 25, Cassimeres, 6-4, 60c Doeskins, 1 10 to 1 25, Tweeds, 80 to 90c. Yarn: White and Gray, 1 25, Scarlet, 1 50, Repellant, 1 10. A deduction of 25c ℘ pair on Blankets when sold by the bale.

NAILS—Quotable 10 to 60d per keg, $6 75; 8d 25c per keg advance, 6d, 50c per keg advance, 4d and 5d, 75c per keg advance, cut spikes, 50c per keg advance on the price of 10d, fence, 25c per keg advance on same size of common nails; finishing and bradheads, 50c per keg advance on same size of common nails, box nails 50c per keg advance on same size common nails.

PAINTS—We quote market in jobbing lots for Averill's chemical per gal, $2 75; Atlantic, 13½@14; Bartlett, 11 @12; North River, 11; Greenback, 10½; French zinc white, 14; Devoe's zinc white, 12; lampblack, Eddy's, 60 @60, Germantown, 45@50; ordinary, 25@30; Venetian red, 6@8, Havre Ochre, 5@7; red lead, 12½@13; Litharge, 13@14, fire proof, 5@6 cents.

RICE—China, 7½@8c; Patna, 8c; Island 10c, Carolina, 12½.

ROPE—Market firm at 20c ℘ lb in jobbing lots.

SALT—Ground Rock, $18 ℘ ton; Carmen Island, $22 @23, Liverpool coarse, $25, fine, $30@37 50.

SYRUP—A fair demand exists at prices ranging from, in kegs, 70@72½c; hf bbls, 65@67½c; bbls, 62½@65c.

SALERATUS—Barton's, 8½a9c; Donnelly's, 8½a9c; Babbitt's, 10@10½c.

SOAP—Quotable firm for R. Irving & Co's in jobbing lots at 7@7½c.

STARCH—The agents' rates, with the usual discount off to the trade are for Pearl, 9½c; pure, 12-lb boxes 10½c; 1-lb papers, 11½c; silver gloss, 6-lb boxes, 12½c 1-lb papers, 13c; corn, 1-lb papers, 13c.

SPICES—Pepper and Allspice, in grain 25c; Cinnamon 45@50; Cloves, 25@30c; Nutmeg, $1 20@1 25. Spices in glass: Pepper, Ginger and Allspice, $1 50 ℘ doz; Cinnamon, $2; Mustard $1 75.

SUGARS—The market to-day is weak for Island at 8@10½c; Yellow and Golden C, in bbls, 10½@11c; in hlf bbls ½c higher; Crushed, 12¼a12½, in bbls; hf bbls 12¾a13, Powdered, 12¾a13.

TEAS—Stocks on hand good, with demand dull at the following ranges: young hyson, 90c@$1 30 per lb; black, 50a@90c per lb; Japan, in papers, 50@62c per lb; lacquered box, 65c to 80c.

TURPENTINE—Quotable at $1 15@1 20 ℘ gal.

YEAST POWDERS—Preston & Merrill, $26@27 50; Rumford's, $22 50@25; Jones' $22 50@24; Donnelly's, $22 50@24.

Retail Family Market.

The following are the prices at which the principal articles of consumption are held by our Retail Dealers:

GREEN FRUITS.	
Oranges, per doz.	1 00
Limes, per doz...	60
Cocoanuts, each .	25
Cala Grapes, ℘ lb	none
Cranberries, ℘ gal	75a 90
Lemons, per doz.	75a1 00
Peaches, ℘ lb....	
Apples, ℘ box	none.
Plums, ℘ lb....	
DRIED FRUIT.	℘ lb.
Figs, Cal.	16a20
Figs, Asia Min, new..	35a60
Figs, " old...	20a25
Apples.	10
Plums, pitless.	20a25
Prunes, Ger. & French.	20a25
Pears.	8a10
Bananas, ℘ doz	$1 00
GROCERIES.	℘ lb.
Coffee, ground.	30a37
do green C. R.	22½a25
do " Rio.	none
do " Java.	30a33
do Mocha.	50a60
Sugar, crushed.	14a15
do pulverized.	14a15
do granulated.	14a16
do Yellow.	14
do Island No1,	11½a12½
do " No. 2..	8a10
do " extra.	12½
Milk, cond'sed.	37
Candles, adamantine.	20a25
do Parafine.	33a37
do Sperm.	62
Oil, Kerosene ℘ gal...	75
Syrup, Golden, ℘ gal..	75
Tea	℘ lb.
Gunpowder...	$1 25a1 50
Imperial.	1 25a1 50
Young Hyson...	1 00a1 50
Hyson.	1 00a1 25
Eng. Breakfast.	90a1 25
Japan.	65a1 00
PROVISIONS, ETC.	
Butter	℘ lb.
Fancy Dairy.	25a35
Good.	20a25
Ordinary.	16a18
Cooking.	20
Cheese, California.	20
do Eastern.	25
do Oregon.	20
Hams, country.	18
do city.	18a20
do Sugar-cured.	18a20
Shoulders.	10a12
Bacon, Clear Sides.	12½a14
do Breakfast.	16a18
Lard—	
Pure Leaf, in tins	15a17½
Good, in tins.	14
In bulk.	15
Honey, Yellow Comb	25
do White.	37
Eggs, per doz.	20
BREADSTUFFS.	
Flour—	℘ ck.
Fancy brands ..	1 35
Choice	1 25
Common.	1 a1 12½
Graham, extra..	1 50
Corn meal, Cal ℘ lb	4a5
do Oregon.	4a5
POULTRY.	℘ pair.
Hens, grown.	$1 00a1 25
Roosters, "	1 25
Spring chickens ...	1 00
Ducks, tame.	1 50
Geese, "	3 00
Turkeys	4 00

CANNED GOODS	℘ doz.
Oysters, 2-lb cans.	4 50a5 00
do 1-lb cans..	3 00a3 50
Lobsters, 2-lb cans	3 00
do 1-lb cans	2 50a3 00
Sardines, qr-tins..	3 50a4 00
do hf-tins..	5 00a6 00
Clams.	4 50a5 00
Green corn, 2lb cns	3 50a4 00
" Peas, 2lb cns	4 00a4 00
" Beans, 2lb cn	3 50a4 00
Tomatoes, 2lb cns..	3 00a4 00
Peaches, 2½lb cns.	4 00a4 50
Pine apples, 2lb cn	4 50a5 00
Strawberries, "	4 50a5 00
Blackberries, "	4 00a5 00
Apricots, 2lb cans	3 50a4 50
Jellies, in tins.	5 00a6 00
Jams, in tins.	4 50a6 00
Mushrooms, ℘ doz	6 00
SAUCES, ETC.	℘ doz. pts. qts.
Worcester Sauce...	5 00a9 00
Catsup, Tomato....	2 50a3 00
do Mushroom	4 30a6 00
Capers	4 50a6 00
Curry Powders.	5 50a6 00
Mustard, French..	2 75a3 25
do Cal.	2 50a3 00
Pickles, English, pts	6 10
" " qts	9 00
NUTS.	℘ lb.
Almonds.	35a50
Walnuts.	20a25
Brazil.	25a3.
Filberts.	20a25
Peanuts.	15a20
Pecan.	75a80
Chestnuts.	a37
Hickory.	12½
GAME	℘ pair.
Ducks.	50a 75
[illegible]	1 50
Swan.	2 00
Grouse.	75
Pheasants.	62
Venison, ℘ lb.	
FISH.	℘ lb.
Eastern Cod.	15
Pacific Cod.	8a12
Sturgeon.	
Salmon.	8a 10
Desiccated Cod.	20
Mackerel, ℘ kit..	2 50a4 50
Fresh Oysters ℘ 100	75
VEGETABLES.	℘ lb.
Squash (Oals).	3
Beets.	5
Onions	5
Carrots.	5
Turnips	3
Strawberries.	15a16
Blackberries	10a15
Cherries	6a12
Cabbage, Cal, ℘ lb	
Cauliflower ℘ doz.	2 00a2 00
Potatoes, new...	4
Asparagus.	10
Lettuce, per doz.	10a15
MEATS.	℘ lb.
Beef.	8a10
do choice cuts	10a15
Mutton.	8a12½
do choice cuts	
Veal	10a12½
Pork.	10a12½
do choice cuts.	

Harmony Lodge, No. 12, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of each month. By order of the W. M.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

FOURTH OF JULY.

GRAND

CELEBRATION AT ST. JOE!

RAILROAD EXCURSION AND PICNIC

Preparations are making to Insure this the Best Celebration This Year in the State.

GEN. JOEL PALMER, of Dayton, PRESIDENT OF THE DAY.

W. C. GASTON, Esq., of Portland, ORATOR OF THE DAY.

HARTLEY HURLEY, Esq., of Lafayette, READER OF THE DECLARATION.

REV. DR. MARSH, of Forest Grove, CHAPLAIN.

THE OREGON CITY BRASS BAND Will furnish the Music.

A wide extent of the most

BEAUTIFUL OAK & FIR GROVES

Have been cleared of underbrush and made pleasant for all the Parties and Picnics which may come.

EXTENSIVE SWINGS, DANCING FLOORS AND CROQUET GROUNDS

Have been made ready (Croquet sets must be taken by those desiring to use them)

The citizens of Portland and Washington county are invited to come up and see OLD YAMHILL in all its glory—see our Landscapes unparalleled for beauty, and our wheat fields, unequalled anywhere.

The citizens of Yamhill are invited to turn out en masse and welcome their visitors on this National Anniversary, and make them feel that Multnomah, Washington and Yamhill, always a unit for the "West Side," is now more than ever bound together by ties of friendship and mutual interests, stronger than the iron track which now connects them.

The Excursion Train will leave Portland at 7 o'clock A. M., arriving at St. Joe at 10 A. M. Returning, leave St. Joe at 5 P. M. and reach Portland at 8 P. M.

TICKETS for round trip One Dollar. Children half-price.

DR. R. H. LITTLEFIELD, Marshal of the Day.

ja24

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The Seaside House!

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MR. C. H. DEXTER, FORMERLY OF THE Cliff House, San Francisco, has leased the

NEW AND ELEGANT HOTEL,

Recently erected by Ben Holladay, Esq., upon the site of the old Summer House, at Clatsop Beach. The house is elegantly furnished, and possesses all modern improvements. A large and spacious Dining Room, Billiard Room, extensive Parlors, Bath Rooms, Rooms en suite, etc., well arranged for the comfort of Guests. The Grounds are beautifully laid out. A half mile

Race Track with Shell Drive,

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BOATS upon the creek; plenty of

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SPLENDID STABLES with Saddle Horses for Equestrians.

BATHING HOUSES for SALT WATER BATHING.

And, in fact, everything necessary for the Pleasure Seeker, the Tourist and the Invalid. Ocean, Mountain, Forest and River Scenery, combined, make this the finest Place of Resort in the World. The climate is equable—neither too extremes of heat or cold—and one of the healthiest places on the Globe. The Table will be unexcelled, and the subscriber pledges himself that nothing will be left undone for the pleasure and comfort of his patrons.

Terms moderate and satisfactory.

Open for the reception of guests about June 15th.

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BAY VIEW HOUSE,

AT UNITY, BAKER'S BAY, W. T.

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THIS FAVORITE RESORT HAS BEEN THOROUGHLY renovated and refurnished.

OYSTERS, CLAMS, FISH fresh daily and in every style desired. All that the markets afford will be furnished patrons of the house. No pains spared to make guests entirely at home. The House is only one and a half miles from the Ocean Beach, where anglers may enjoy rare sport. Boats, carrying passengers, will ply between Unity and Astoria, connecting with Columbia river boats. Tri-weekly stages run between Unity and Shoalwater Bay.

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NO DECEPTION THERE.

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THREE KINDS OF MEAT FOR DINNER; ALSO for Breakfast and Supper. Ham and Eggs every day, and Fresh Fish, Hot Rolls and Cake in abundance. Plenty of Tea and Coffee every day for Dinner, and Hyas Syke's Ale on Sunday. Hurry up, and none of your sneering at CHEAP BOARDING HOUSES. Now's the time to get the wrinkles taken out of your bellies, after the hard winter.

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I am ready for the BONE and SINEW of the country.

Persons in want of HELP please call

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LEWIS LOVE, Prop'r,

First street, between Main and Madison.

THIS HOTEL HAS BEEN REMODELED AND Refitted throughout with New Furniture. Table is supplied with the best. Charges liberal.

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Olympia, W. T.,

THOMAS JACKSON, Proprietor.

THE LARGEST AND OLDEST ESTABLISHED house in the city.

EVERY ACCOMMODATION FOR GUESTS.

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SALEM.

WESTLEY GRAVES........Proprietor.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST HOTEL IN OREGON. Free Coach to the house.

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m30-3pawtw

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the District of Oregon. In the matter of John W. Blakeny, bankrupt.—I hereby give notice that the third and final meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held in the city of Portland, in said District, on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1873, at ten o'clock A. M., at the office of H. H. Northrup, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy in said District, for the purposes named in the twenty-seventh section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867. I also give notice that I will file my final account as assignee of said estate, in said Court, and that on the 15th day of July next, I shall apply to the said Court for a settlement of my said accounts, and for a discharge from all liabilities as assignee of said estate, in accordance with the provisions of the twenty-eighth section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867.

O. W. WEAVER, Assignee.

Portland, June 20, 1873. je21-2t

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the District of Oregon.—Assignee Sale.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Assignee of the estate of Charles J. Bullock, Bankrupt, will, on Monday, July 7th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, at Hillsboro, Washington county, Oregon, sell the entire lot of Hotel Furniture, Kitchen Ware, etc., etc., also one cow and Calf, two Horses, and one Spring Wagon, at public Auction, belonging to the estate of said bankrupt. Terms of sale—Cash, in U. S. Gold Coin.

JOSEPH BACHMAN, Assignee.

BURTON & WILLIAMS,

ARCHITECTS & SUPERINTENDENTS

ROOM No. 17,

DEKUM'S BUILDING.

Medical.

THE ECLECTIC DISPENSARY

AND

LYING-IN ROOMS.

Cor. of Washington and Second sts. Entrance on Second.

To Sufferers:

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Young men having weakened and injured their constitutions by secret habits need have no fear in calling and consulting me, as all communications are strictly confidential, and sure of a permanent cure where treatment is followed.

Special attention given to the treatment of stricture, and to all who are suffering from such, I can warrant a cure.

Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Piles, Dropsy, Cancers, and all other ailments successfully treated.

To Ladies who are dragging out a life of misery, on account of debility, sterility, menstruation, and many other diseases peculiar to the sex, can find relief by calling.

The celebrated FEMALE REGULATOR PILLS sent free by mail to any address on receipt of $5 00 per box. Certain and safe in all cases.

Office consultation free of charge. All communications strictly confidential. Office hours, 11 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 7 to 9 P. M.

DR. C. G. GLASS.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.

NEW REMEDIES, NEW REMEDIES

Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary.

623 KEARNEY STREET, NEAR COMMERCIAL, San Francisco. Established in 1854, for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, etc. Skin Diseases (of years standing) and Ulcerated Legs successfully treated.

DR. GIBBON has the pleasure of announcing that he has returned from visiting the principal Hospitals of Europe, and has resumed practice at his Dispensary, 623 Kearny street, corner of Commercial, San Francisco, where his old patients and those requiring his services may find him.

The Doctor has spared neither time nor money in seeking out new remedies, and has returned with increased facilities for the alleviation of human suffering.

Horrible Diseases.

How many thousands of persons, both male and female, are there who are suffering out a miserable existence from the effects of secret indulgences, or from virus absorbed into the system! Look at their pallid, emaciated and disfigured faces and their broken-down constitutions, disqualifying them for the happiness of marriage or the enjoyments of life. In this horrid situation thousands suffer until death closes the scene. Let parents, guardians, friends, attend to those who are suffering with any of these horrible, life destroying maladies, until they are cared for and cured before it be too late. Send them immediately to DR. GIBBON, a physician who has made private diseases his study for years, and who is certain to cure the most inveterate case, without mercury or any injurious drugs. It is important to those who are afflicted, or to those who are interested in the welfare of their friends, to be careful of the many pretended doctors who infest all cities, publishing their skill in curing all diseases in a few days, imposing upon the public by using the names of eminent physicians from Europe, and other places. Be therefore careful and make strict inquiry, or you may fall into the hands of these charlatans.

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions, the consequence of self-abuse. This solitary vice, or depraved sexual indulgence, is practiced by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing with unerring certainty, the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combatted by scientific medical measures, viz: Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, noise like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots, uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blunted intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike to form new acquaintances, disposition to shun society, loss of memory, hectic flushes, pimples and various eruptions about the face, furred tongue, fetid breath, coughs, consumption, night sweats, monomania and frequent insanity. If relief be not obtained, should apply immediately, either in person or by letter, and have a cure effected by his new and scientific mode of treating this disease, which never fails of effecting a quick and radical cure. Dr. G. will give One Hundred Dollars to any person who will prove satisfactorily to him that he was cured of this complaint by either of the San Francisco quacks.

MAN AND MEN.

Or those who contemplate marriage, who are suffering under any of these fearful maladies, should not forget the sacred responsibility which rests upon them, nor delay to obtain immediate relief.

DOCTOR GIBBON is responsible, and will give to each patient a written instrument, binding himself to effect a radical and permanent cure, or make no charge.

CURED AT HOME

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME, by addressing a letter to Dr. Gibbon, stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicine promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain directions. By enclosing Ten Dollars coin, in a registered letter through the Postoffice or through Wells, Fargo and Co., a package of medicine will be forwarded to any part of the Union.

All communications strictly confidential.

Caution to the Unfortunate.

Beware of the San Francisco quacks and pretenders, who, with bogus sworn-to certificates, whose names are to be found in the daily and weekly newspapers of San Francisco and other places, are tinkers and boot-makers too lazy to work at their trade. Some are tinsmiths, shoemakers, newspaper carriers, intelligence office keepers, etc. The only way to avoid imposition is to make inquiry—it will cost you nothing, and may save you many regrets; for, as advertising physicians in eight cases out of ten are bogus, there is no safety in trusting any of them until you know who and what they are. Dr. Gibbon does not deceive people by exhibiting bogus titles, certificates, pretended patients' letters, etc. Dr. Gibbon will satisfy persons who may call at his office of his ability to treat any disease that he proposes to cure.

Address DR. J. F. GIBBON, 623 Kearney street, corner Commercial, San Francisco, Post Office Box 1,957.

REMEMBER TO PUT BOX 1,957 ON THE LETTER. Consultation FREE.

The Consultation will please inform DR. GIBBON that they saw his advertisement in the *Daily Oregonian*.

$1,000 REWARD

FOR AN

Incurable Case!

X DR. LE RICHAU'S **GOLDEN BALSAM!**

After ten years' trial on this Coast has proven itself the only curative in a certain class of diseases pronounced by medical practitioners as incurable.

Dr. Le Richau's GOLDEN BALSAM No. 1

cures Chancres first and second stages, Sores on the Legs or Body; Sore Ears, Eyes, Nose, &c.; Copper-colored Blotches, Syphilitic Catarrh, Diseased Scalp, and all primary forms of the disease known as Syphilis. Price, $5 per bottle, or two for $9.

Dr. Le Richau's GOLDEN BALSAM No. 2

cures Tertiary, Mercurial, Syphilitic Rheumatism, Pains in the Bones, Back of the Neck, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Syphilitic Rash, Lumps and Contracted Cords, Stiffness of the Limbs, and eradicates all diseases from the system, whether caused by indiscretion or abuse of mercury—leaving the blood pure and healthy. Price, $5 per bottle, or two for $9.

Dr. Le Richau's GOLDEN SPANISH ANTIDOTE, for the Cure of Gonnorhoea, Gleet, Irritation, Gravel, and all Urinary or Genital disarrangements. Price, $2.50 per bottle.

Dr. Le Richau's GOLDEN SPANISH INJECTION, a wash and injection for severe cases of Gonnorhoea, Inflammatory Gleet, Strictures, and all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. Price, $1 50 per bottle.

Also Agents for DR. LE RICHAU'S GOLDEN PILLS for Seminal Weakness, Night Emissions, Impotency, and all diseases arising from Masturbation and excessive abuses. Price, $3 per bottle. The genuine GOLDEN BALSAM is put up only in round bottles.

On receipt of price, these medicines will be sent to all parts of the country, by express or mail, securely packed and free from observation. Sole Agents,

C. F. RICHARDS & CO., Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Chemists, S. W. cor. Clay & Sansome Streets, San Francisco, Cal. **X**

Notice in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of Charles J. Bullock, bankrupt.—United States of America, District of Oregon, ss.—A warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by said court against the estate of Charles J. Bullock of the county of Washington and State of Oregon, in said District, who has been duly adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Portland, in said District, on the 21st day of June 1873, at one o'clock, P. M. of that day, at the office of H. H. Northrup, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy of said District.

THOMAS G. YOUNG,
U. S. Marshal for said District.

d12-law4w

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon, ss.—Notice of Assignee of his appointment.—At the city of Portland the 11th day of June, A. D. 1873.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the *Herald* Printing Company, of the city of Portland in the county of Multnomah and State of Oregon, within said District, who have been adjudged bankrupts on creditors' petition by the District Court of said District.

JOSEPH BACHMAN, Assignee.

je17-dlaw3t

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the District of Oregon. Notice of Assignee of his appointment. At the city of Portland, the 23d day of June, A. D. 1873. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Charles J. Bullock, of Hillsboro, in the county of Washington and State of Oregon, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on creditors' petition, by the District Court of said District.

JOSEPH BACHMAN,
Assignee.

je25dlaw3t

San Francisco.

RUPTURE!

Remarkable Cure of an [illegible] Rupture of 22 Years' Standing by the Use of Dr. Marsh's Patent [illegible]

Read the following Letter from Jacob Fata, who [illegible] in N[illegible]

MARSH'S TRUSS COMPANY: [illegible] to certify that I have [illegible] Truss for nearly nine [illegible] LY CURED of a very [illegible] Rupture of twenty-two [illegible] equaled in size a[illegible] sound and stronger than [illegible] I feel perfectly safe to do any [illegible]

Very truly yours, [illegible]

DR. S. N. MARSH'S PATENT TRUSS, and all other [illegible] Supporters, Elastic Stockings [illegible] Apparatus for Deformities [illegible] Radical Cure Truss Office of the [illegible] 808 Montgomery street, [illegible] Francisco.

Illustrated pamphlets free to [illegible]

N. W. SPAULDING

Saw Manufacturing & Repairing

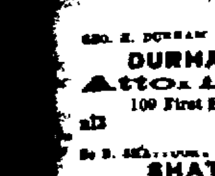
ESTABLISHMENT,

17 & 19 Fremont St., [illegible] and B[illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT [illegible] INSERTED IN TOOTH SAWS [illegible]

BILLIARD TABLE [illegible]



PHELAN & [illegible]

NEW DESIGN BEVELED [illegible] 1871; also, the [illegible] May 21, 1871, and the [illegible] Also, patent UNRIVALLED [illegible] On hand, a[illegible] and the new patent [illegible] ented Sept. 10, 1872.

ADVERTISE[illegible]

TO ADV[illegible]

ALL PERSONS [illegible]

41 PARK [illegible]

U. S. Marshal's [illegible]

BY VIRTUE OF AN EX[illegible] of the Circuit Court [illegible] District of Oregon, to me [illegible] Bros. & Co., of San Fr[illegible] S. Kast and M. [illegible] Five Hundred and Seventy [illegible] and interest and cost[illegible] 1873, levy the same [illegible] est in and to the follo[illegible] wit: the South half (S½) of [illegible] Block number One Hun[illegible] City of Portland in said [illegible] virtue of said Exec[illegible] 1873, at the hour of two o'clock [illegible] Court House door in [illegible] of the right, title and in[illegible] to the above described [illegible] the highest bidder [illegible] said Execution and [illegible]

A. P. RICHARDSON, A[illegible]

WELLS, FARGO & CO[illegible]

HAVING ESTABLISHED [illegible] of Oregon, Washington and [illegible] are prepared to do a G[illegible] business in all its branches [illegible]

Freight or Packages will be [illegible] the city (by giving [illegible] despatch to any part of the [illegible] connecting Express [illegible]

COLLECTIONS MADE, and [illegible] of Goods, &c., &c., will [illegible]

We shall continue to DRAW [illegible] all the principal cities of the [illegible] and Europe, and to Sell [illegible] when desired.

Notice [illegible]

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN [illegible] is authorized to [illegible] do any business for [illegible] lumbering and saw [illegible] and he alone is the [illegible] for said firm, or sign the firm's [illegible] firm will be [illegible]

Portland, April 7, 1873.

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